

Daniel Rose Center for Public Leadership in Land Use

ULI Daniel Rose Fellowship

Sacramento Follow-Up Visit July 13-14, 2011

Overall Findings

 Believe both intermodal and arena CAN be accommodated in symbiotic way that creates public space, provides connectivity and achieves synergies with surrounding districts

Site Planning

- Agree with City & CHSRA idea of moving future high-speed rail station east of 6th Street
- Agree with City idea of moving arena as far west as possible
- Agree with City idea of shifting intermodal slightly to east, function can have compact footprint, should include Lot 40
- These movements create opportunity for welldesigned, functional public space between arena and intermodal, framed with development and/ or activity

Sports/Entertainment Complex

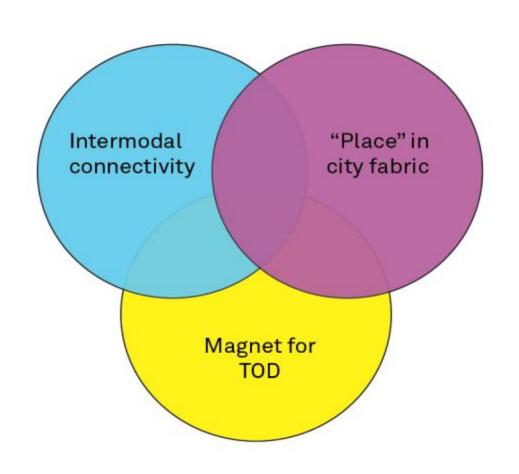
- Should have multiple access points that reduce conflicts among functions (e.g., servicing)
- Depot can be iconic front door to this district
- Scale and massing of arena in relation to historic buildings (depot and shops) is critical
- Investigate feasibility of excavation so arena access points can be as close to ground level as possible
- Design of complex should be a 21st Century solution that respects historic context

Intermodal District

- Shifting the main intermodal axis slightly East:
 - Better for connection to future HSR
 - Better for alternative joint development program
- Main intermodal moves that want to be adjacent:
 - Intercity rail and bus to LRT, local bus
 - Amtrak rail to Amtrak bus
- 3. Intermodal moves that are dispersed:
 - Depot to platform (internal to one mode)
 - Future streetcar to other modes
 - Future HSR to other modes
- 4. Parking:
 - Lot 44 better than "on-site"
 - Shared with arena or other joint development uses

What Makes A Successful Hub?

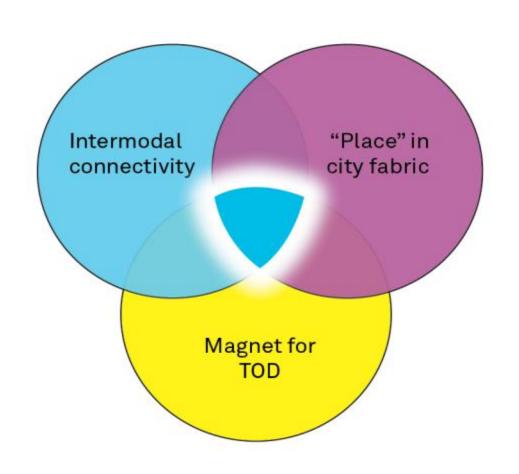
- Intermodal connectivity that works for people
- A "Place" in the fabric of the city
- A magnet for transit-oriented development (TOD)



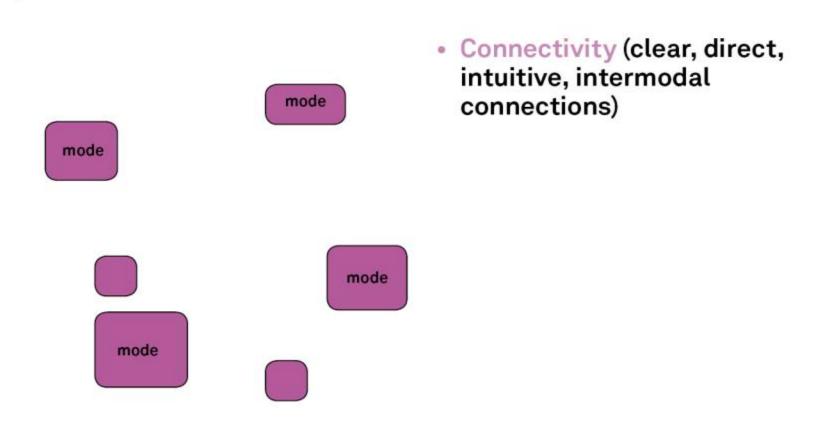


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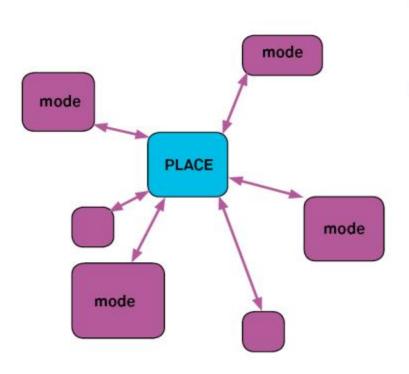
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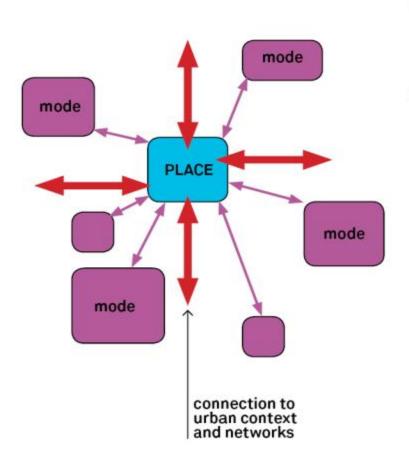




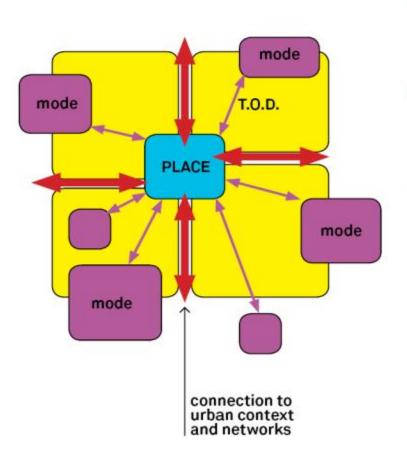


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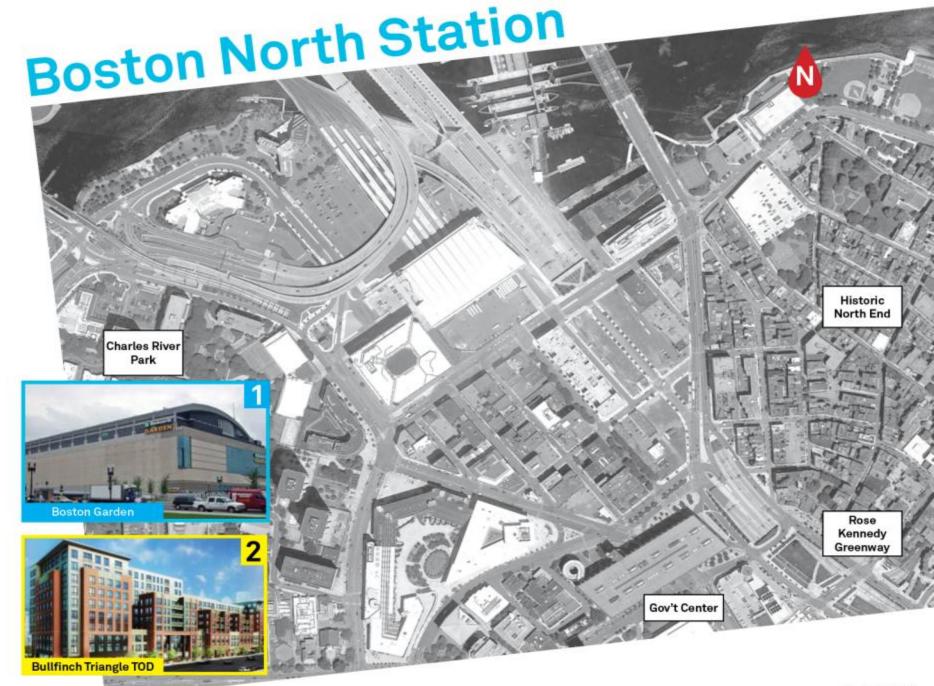


- Connectivity (clear, direct, intuitive, intermodal connections)
- Place (a central unifying element with a unique identity and character)
- Catalyst (for development, activity, social interaction)

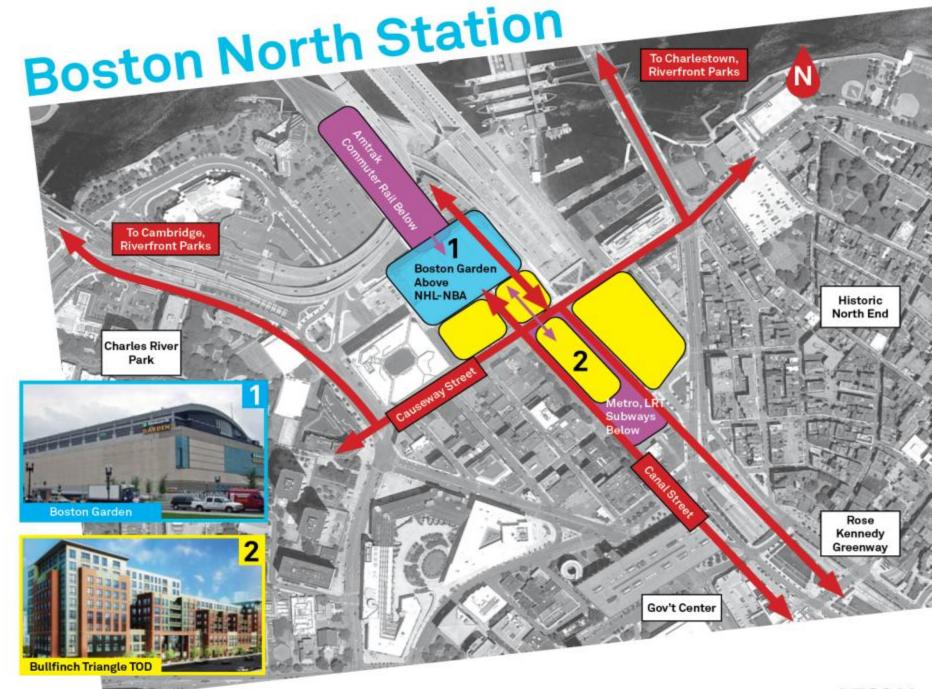




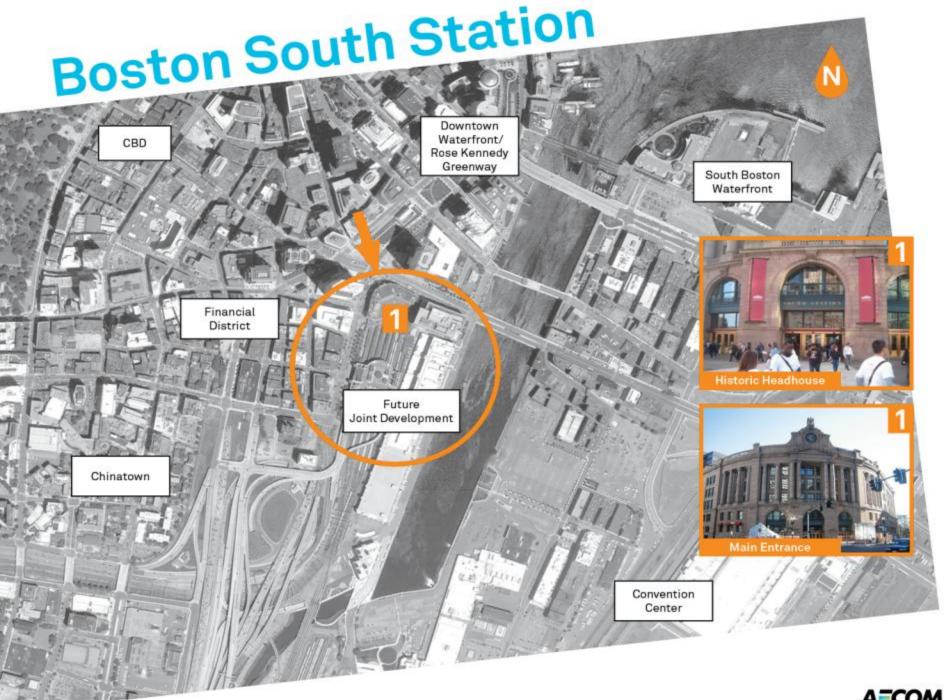




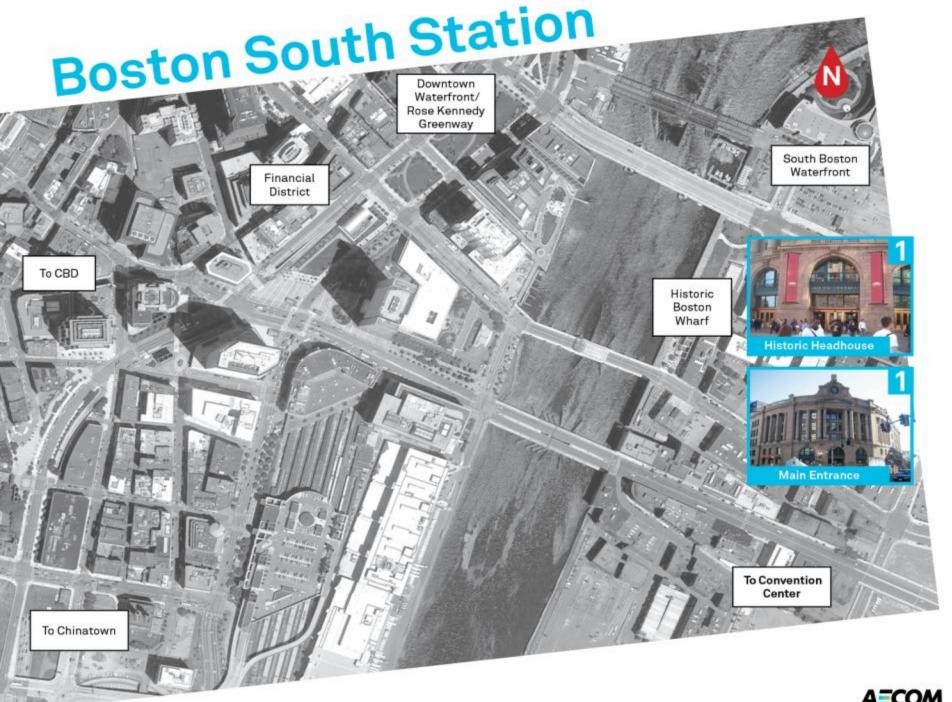








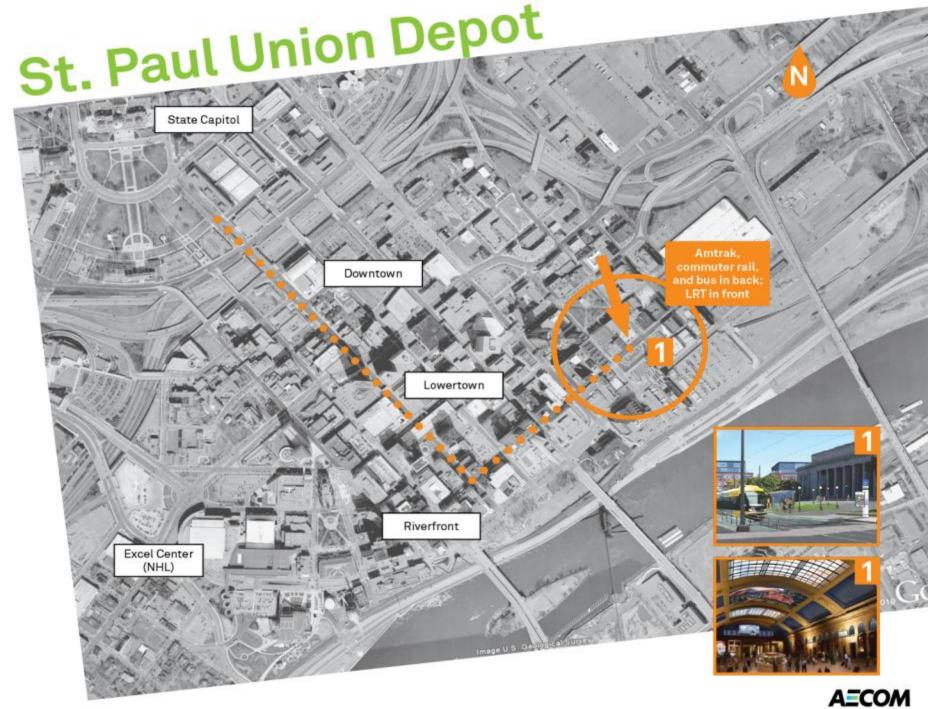




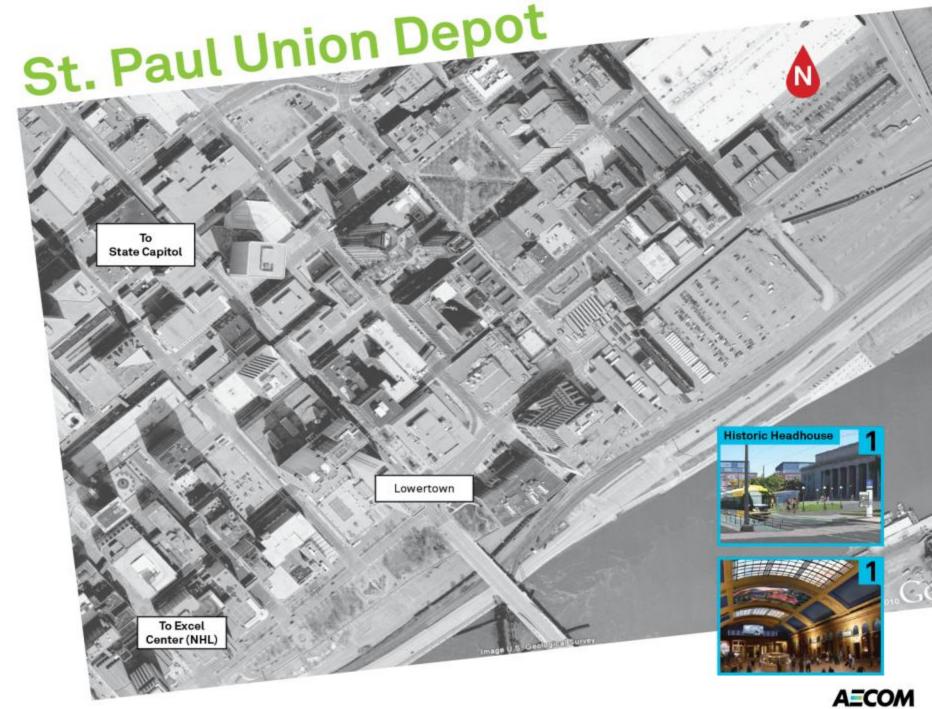




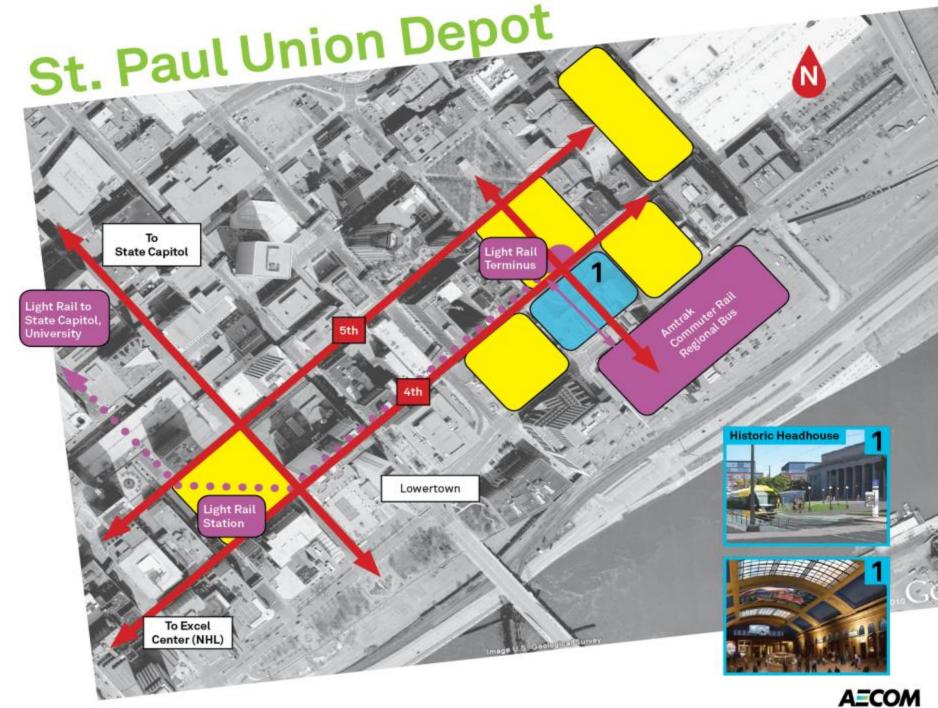




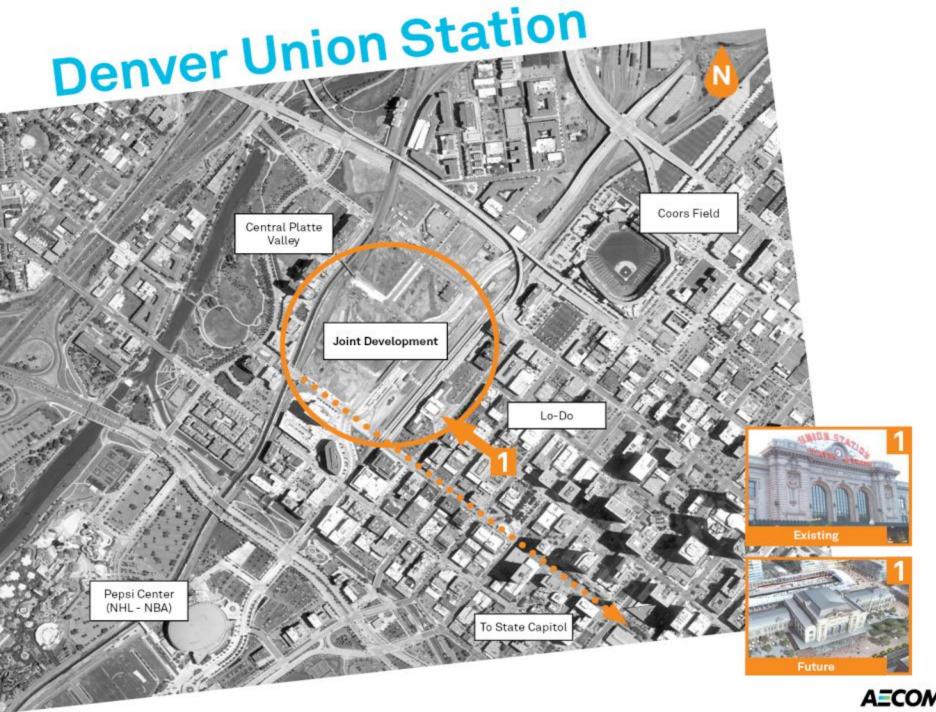


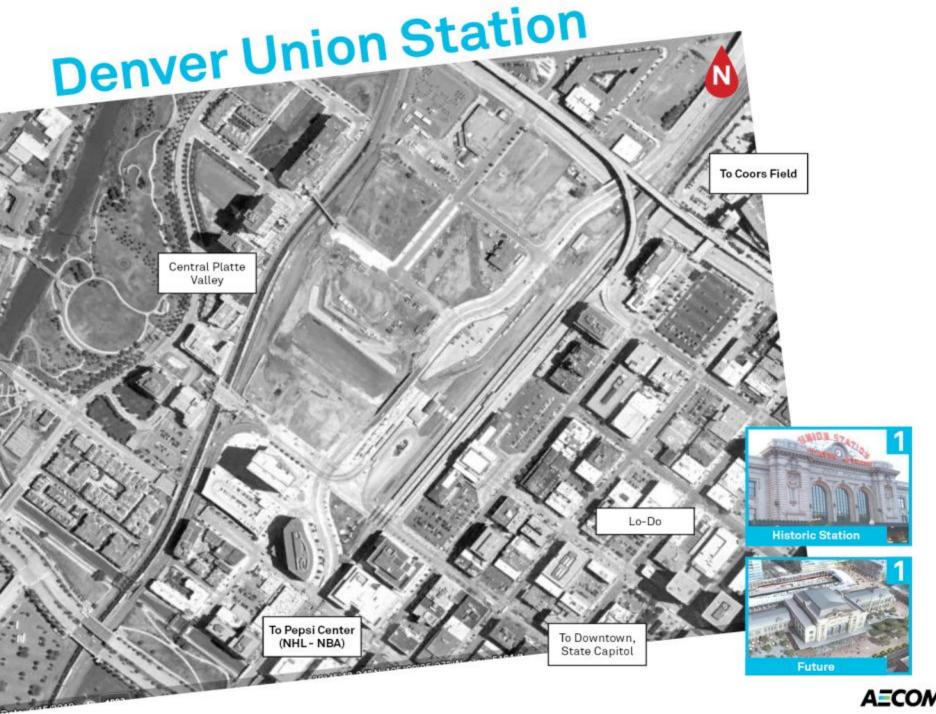


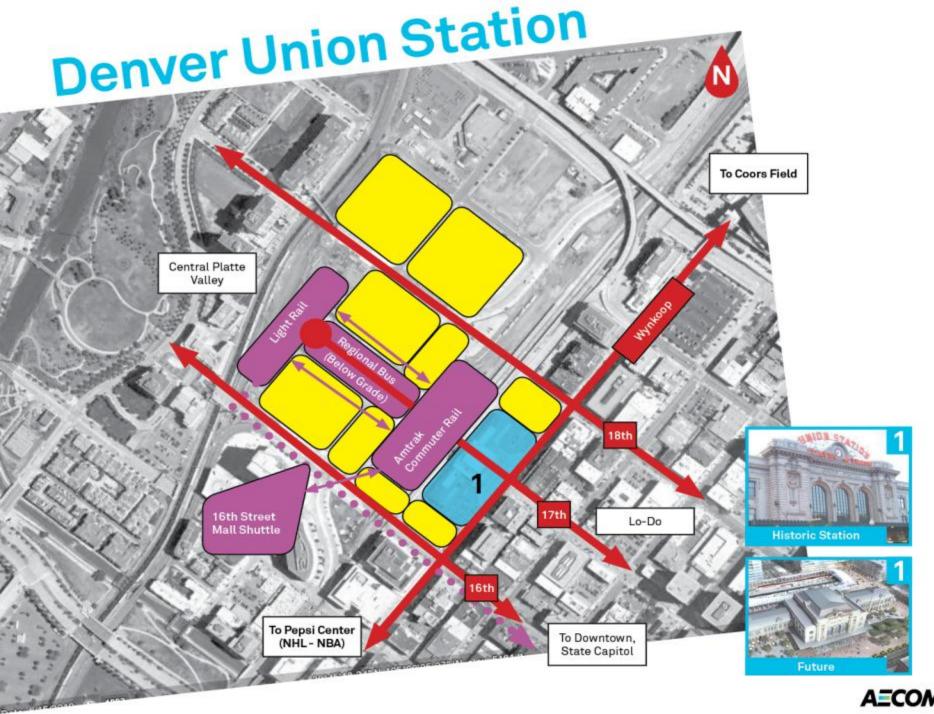












How does it happen?

Phasing

- City-building takes time
- First establish the "Place"
- Flexibility to attract future development

Funding

- What can you build now?
- Can development pay for transit?
- City-building projects attract federal support

Design

- Everyone's a pedestrian
- Balance intermodalism and place making
- Create something iconic



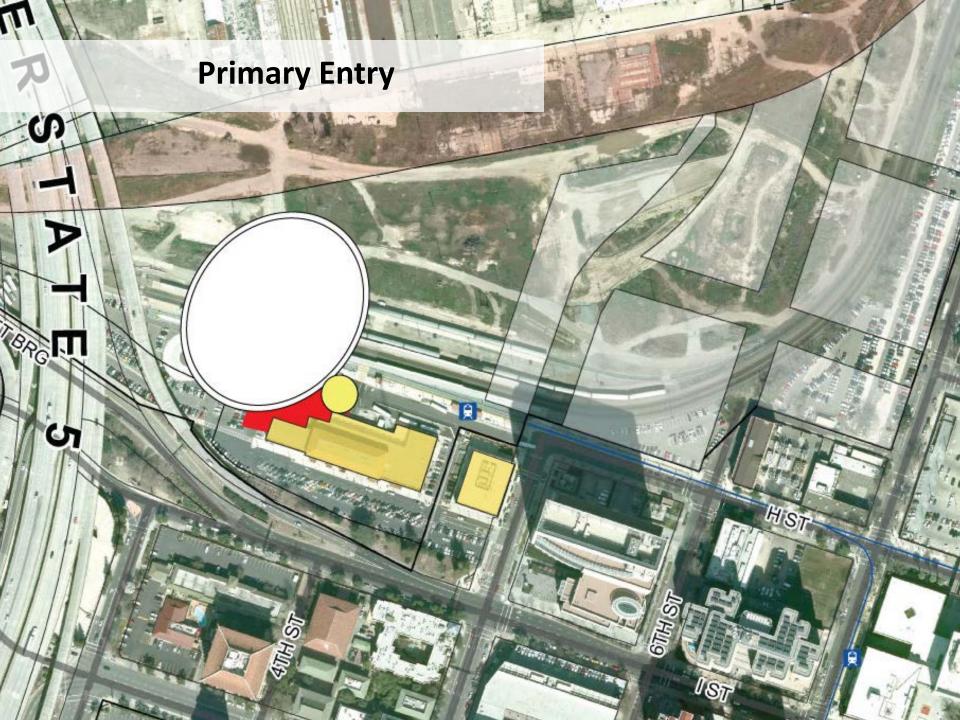
Access

- Should be designed with hierarchy of users in mind (e.g., pedestrian, transit, vehicular)
- Provide for multiple entries to serve different directions (Old Sacramento entrance, "front door" in SE entrance, transit in NE entrance)
- Clear and multiple pedestrian routes from parking, transit, surrounding uses (with lighting, security, signage) and activities that enhance development value
- Auto ingress/ egress to site should minimize conflicts with broader circulation needs
- Keep service functions under I-5, resolving circulation and access

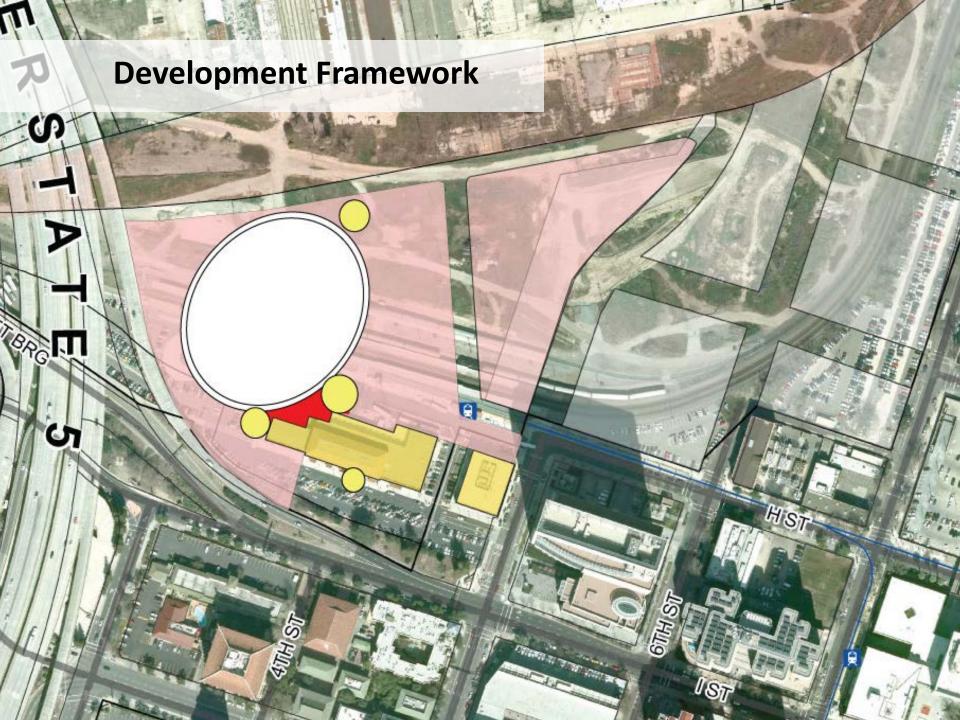


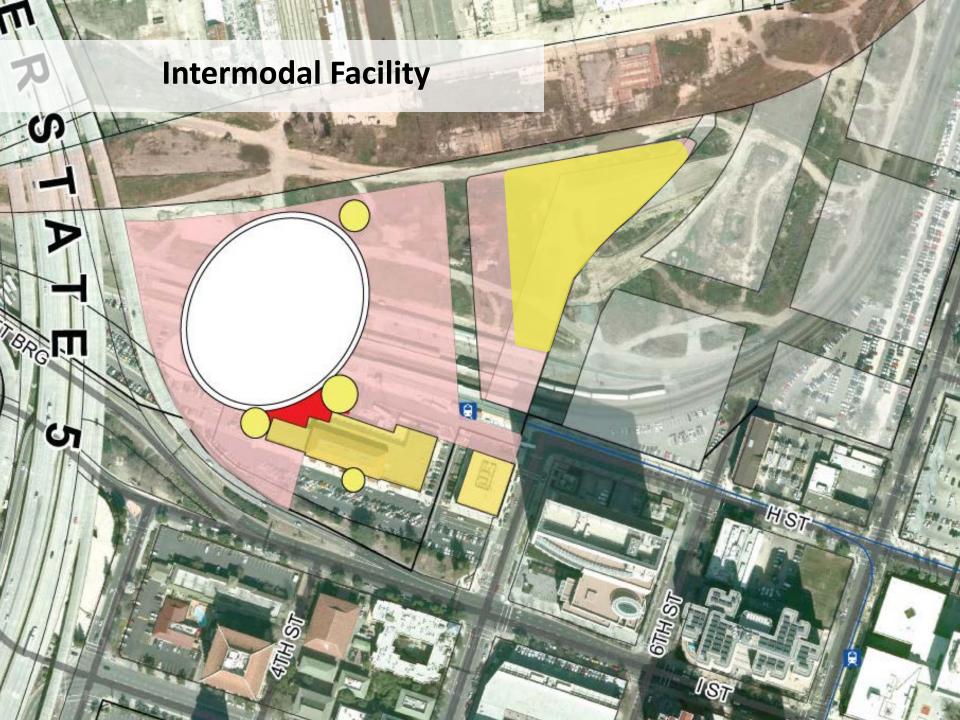


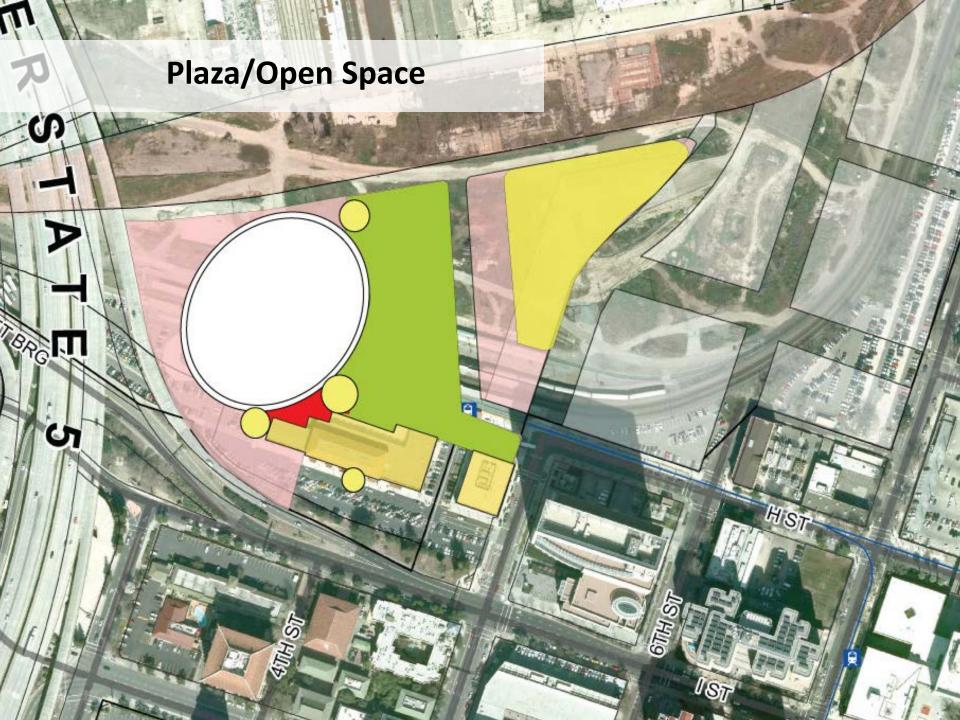


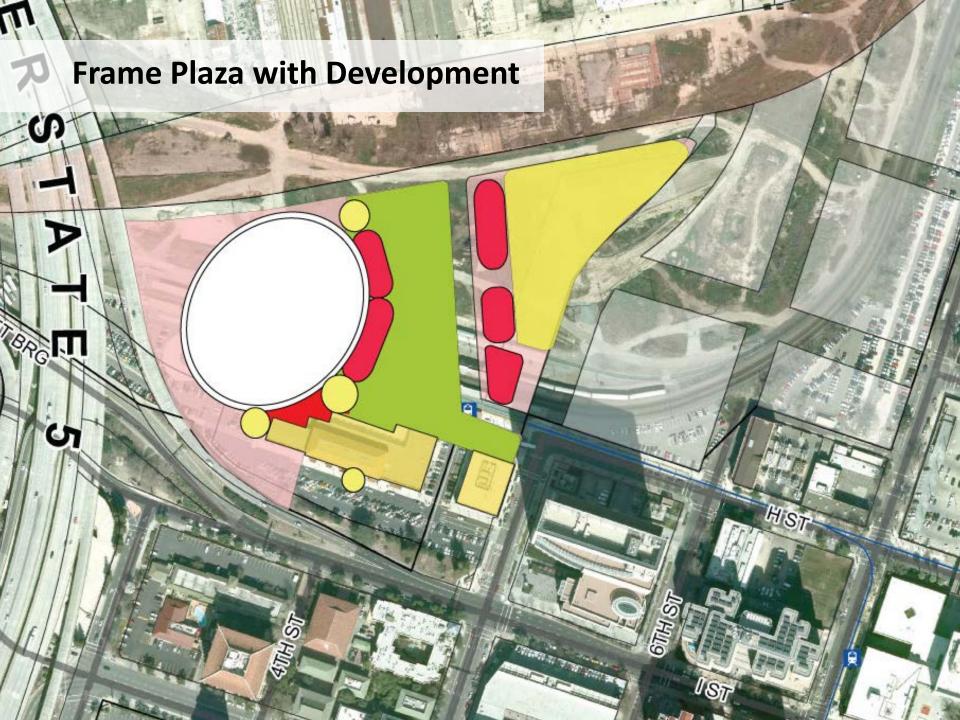
















Parking

- Parking and other infrastructure (drainage, detention) should be shared in district
- Utilize existing dispersed parking resources to spread economic activity, which will require thoughtful modifications and management
- Explore opportunities for surface parking north of tracks as interim use prior to development

Other Considerations

- Explore uses for and activation of Central Shops & Depot, especially uses ancillary to sports/ entertainment facility
- As design progresses, stay focused on sustainability (e.g., building energy performance, access-mode split)
- Attention to security planning given site's multiple users, activity concentration and event timing

Cost Considerations

- Need further analyses of site infrastructure and design costs, but are likely to be more incremental than exponential
- Do it right or don't do it: too many design compromises will diminish functionality of the facilities and regenerative potential to the surrounding areas