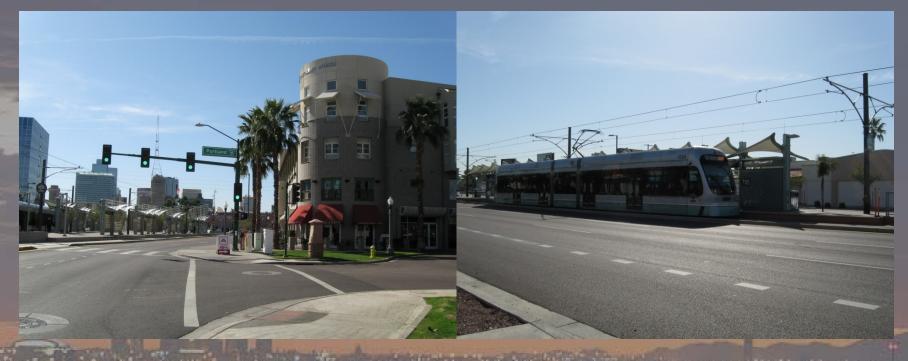
# Thanks to the following people for their help and support in making this panel possible:

- The Honorable Phil Gordon
- Councilmember Claude Mattox
- Debra Stark, Curt Upton, Josh Bednarek of the Planning Department
- Wes Gullet, Planning Commissioner
- Mark Winkleman, Industrial Development Authority
- George Bosworth, Walter Morlock of ULI Arizona; David Stocker, ULI Center for the West



# Phoenix, Arizona



Light Rail, Green Rail
And Underdeveloped Properties



#### What is the Urban Land Institute?

The Urban Land Institute (ULI) is a nonprofit research and education organization that focuses on issues of land use and real estate development.



#### **ULI's Mission:**

To promote leadership in the responsible use of land to create and sustain thriving communities worldwide



#### What is the Urban Land Institute?

With over 30,000 members worldwide, the heart of the ULI experience is an open exchange of ideas, networking opportunities, and the ability to work with the leaders of the land use industry.

#### Members include:

- Developers
- Builders
- •Engineers
- Attorneys
- Brokers
- Planners
- Market Analysts
- Investors, Bankers and Financiers
- Academicians
- Architects and Designers
- Public officials







### **Advisory Services at ULI**

- Panels since 1947
- 15-20 panels a year
- Panel provide independent, objective & candid advice to governments, private firms and non-profits.
- Panelists are volunteers; not paid
- Process
  - Review background materials
  - Receive a sponsor presentation & tour
  - Conduct stakeholder interviews
  - Consider data, frame issues and write recommendations
  - Make presentation
  - Produce a final report





















# ULI Daniel Rose Center for Public Leadership in Land Use

#### Mission Statement

". . . to encourage and support excellence in land use decision making. By providing public officials with access to information, best practices, peer networks and other resources, the Rose Center seeks to foster creative, efficient, practical, and sustainable land use policies."



#### Rose Center Panels

- Four Cities: Nashville, Phoenix, Minneapolis & Philadelphia
- An integral part of the Rose Center Fellowships
- Focuses on a specific land use policy issues facing the Rose Center Fellowship Cities
- Involves the 4 Fellows from each City
- Combines the Rose Center Mission with the independent and objective advice of a ULI Advisory Services Panel.









### **Panelists**

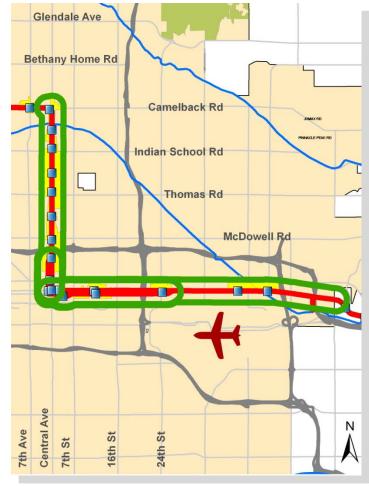
- Chair: David Leininger, Senior VP & CFO, DART, Dallas
- Mami Hara, Principal, WRT, Philadelphia
- Kathleen Rose, President, Rose
   & Associates Southeast,
   Davidson, NC
- Mark Shapiro, Principal, Mithun, Seattle
- Aaron Sussman, Senior Redevelopment Planner, Sacramento Housing & Redevelopment Authority





## Phoenix Panel

- How can Phoenix help attract TOD to station areas?
- How can rail transit & TOD help "green" the city?





## Outline

- Observations David Leininger
- Urban Design Framework Mami Hara
- TOD Density Considerations Aaron Sussman
- Sustainability, Economic Impacts & Project Assessment – Kathleen Rose
- Sustainable Design Approach -- Mark Shapiro
- Next Steps/Action Plan David Leininger



# Observations Assets ~ Regional & Corridor

#### Regional

- ASU
- Medical/Healthcare
- Sports/Entertainment
- Convention/Tourism
- Airport
- Light Rail ~ ridership & frequency
- Cultural Arts
- Public Art
- Grid Infrastructure

#### Corridor

- Mountain Views
- Canal
- Indian School/Park
- Heard Museum & Arts
- Central Library
- Unique Shops/Restaurants
- Stable & Historic Neighborhoods



### New Area Investment

- City Scape
- Portland Place
- Central Park East (Freeport/McMoran)
- ASU Downtown Campus
- Convention Center



# Challenges

- Lack of station area planning
- Contextually ~ missing a Corridor vision
- Definition of Green goals & metrics
- Fragmented roles with various agencies
- Regulatory Code ~ variances
- Limited tools for incentives
- Lack of disposition strategy for City-owned lands
- Communicating with one voice ~ public & private sectors



# Urban Design Framework

Mami Hara Principal, WRT, Philadelphia



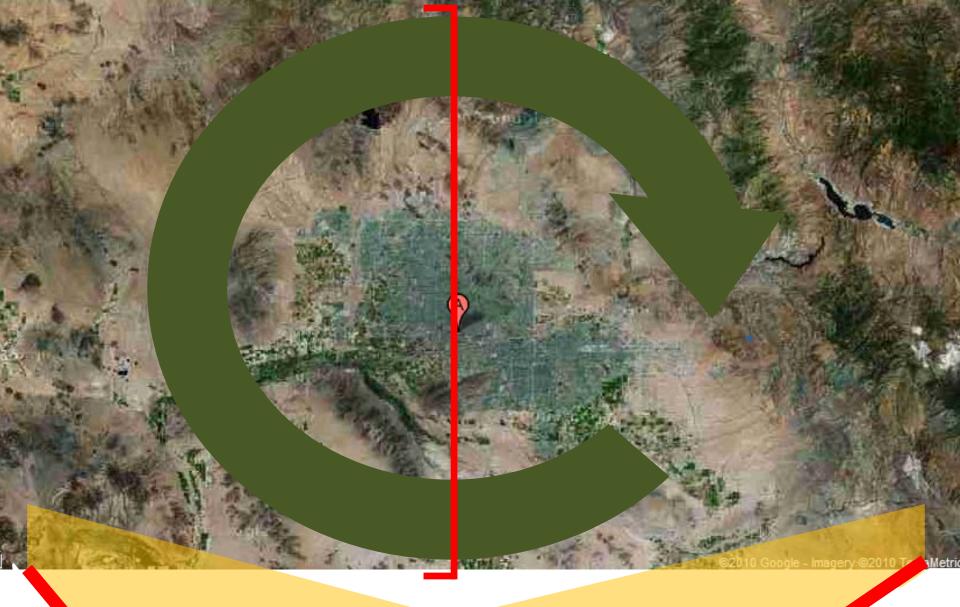
## Building an Urban Design Framework

- priorities among assets
- topography
- circulation
- water
- parks
- energy
- development



# topography: orientation + views





l oud



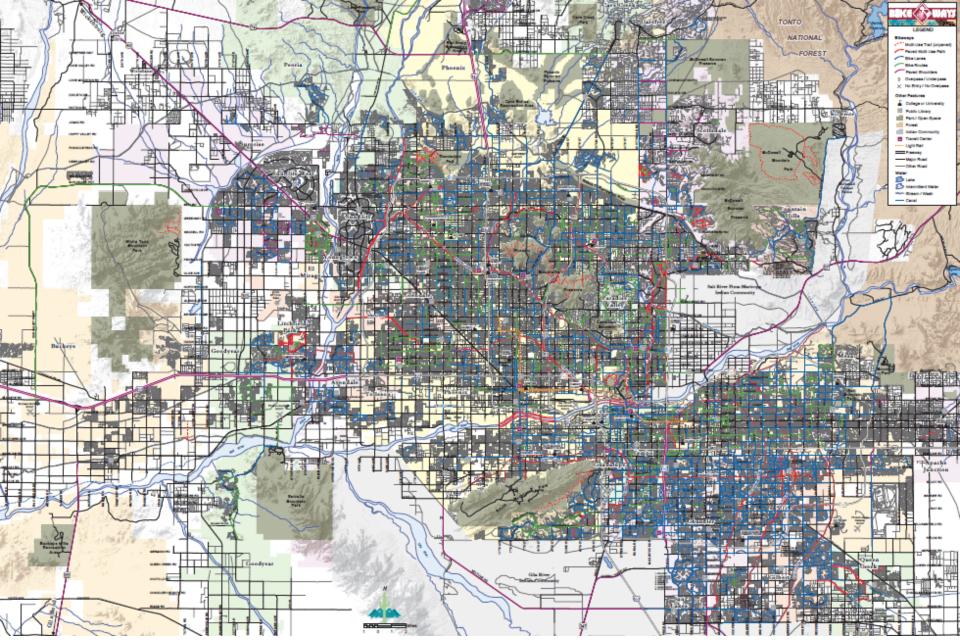




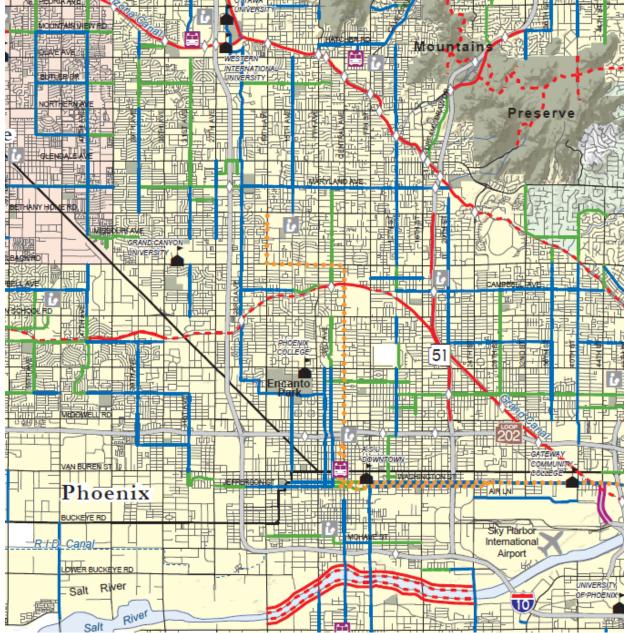


# circulation: integrating modes





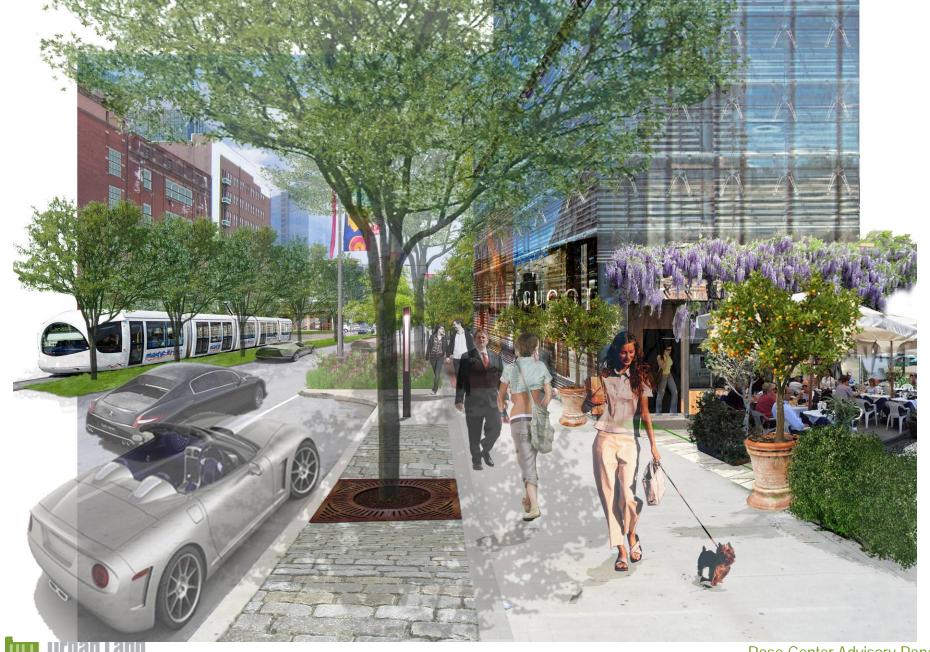








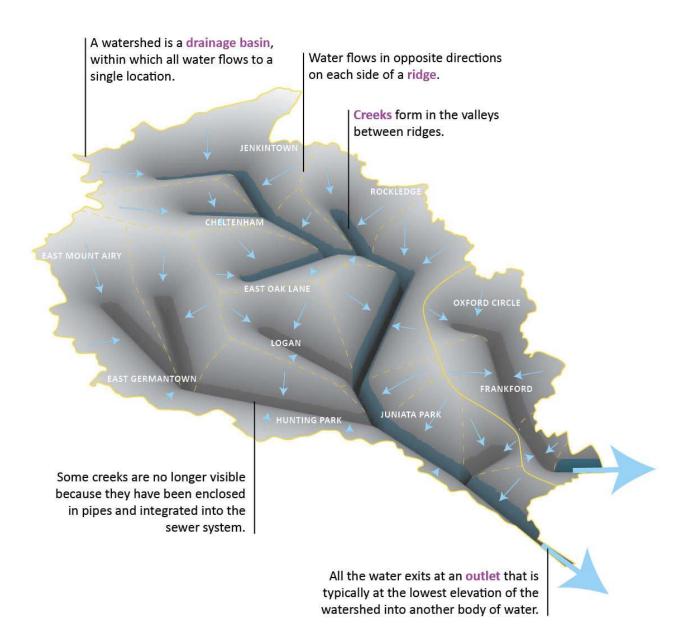




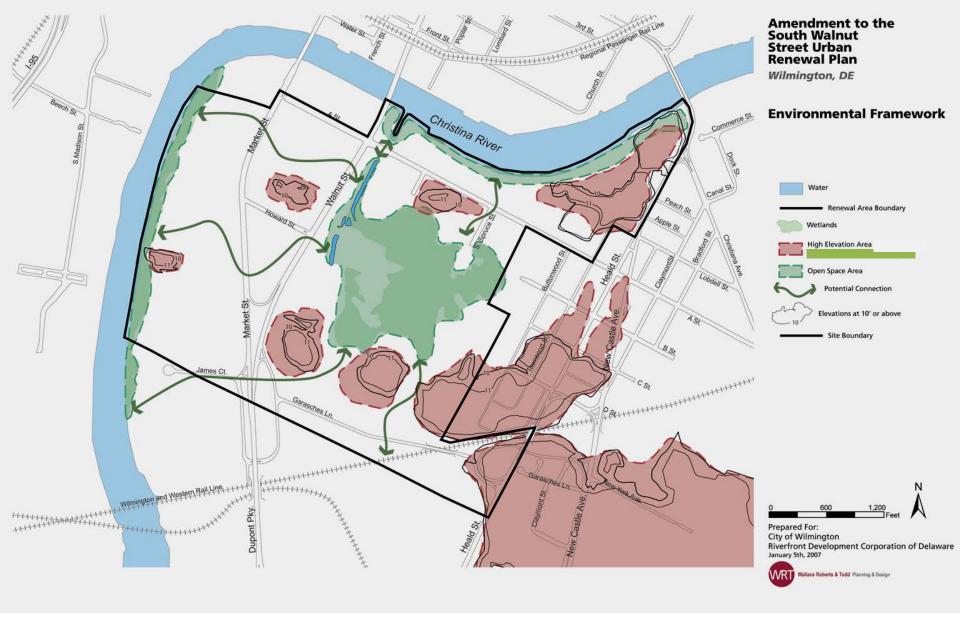
## water: function + amenity



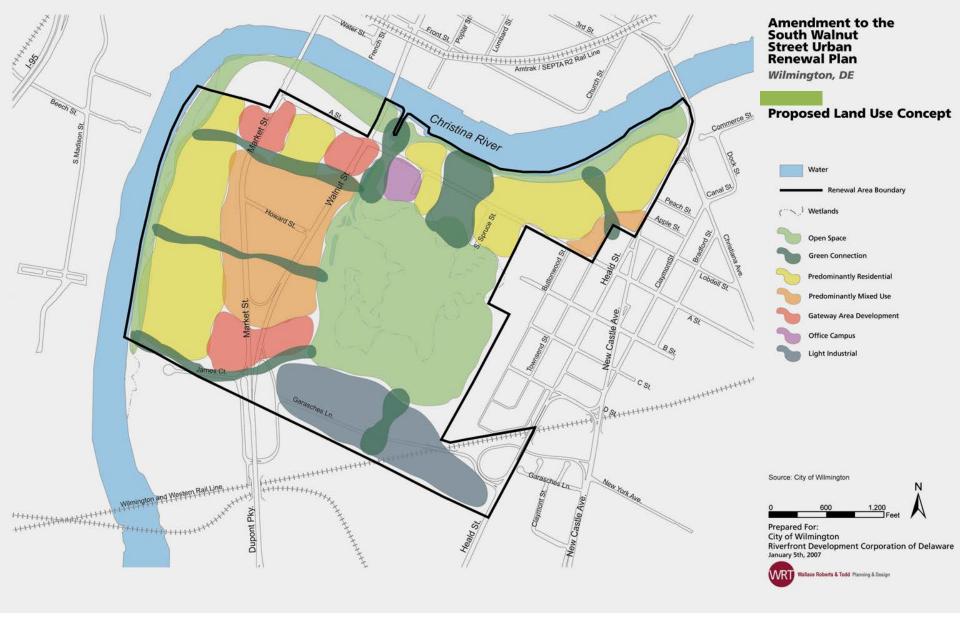
#### What exactly is a watershed?



























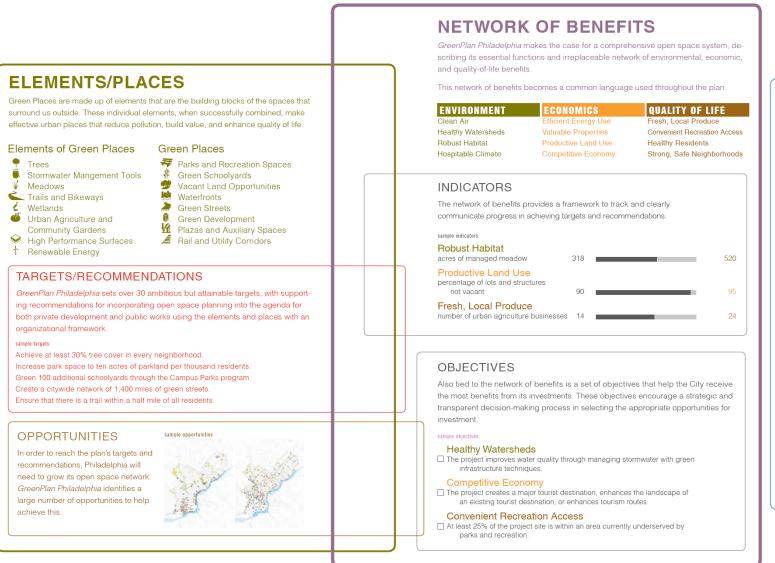














GreenPlan Philadelphia sets broad targets and select recommendations for funding, management, operations, and maintenance of open space. These recommendations are for both immediate use and consideration in the development of subsequent plans that focus in more detail upon these areas of concern.

#### sample targets

Institutionalize *GreenPlan Philadelphia* within city government.

Regularly measure and update the progress of *Green-Plan Philadelphia*. Revise targets and goals as circumstances warrant.

Increase private funding participation to achieve 30 percent of funding for *Green-Plan Philadelphia* initiatives through non-governmental sources.

Create broad citizen and interest-group understanding of *GreenPlan Philadelphia*, the City's green-performance objectives, and the opportunities available in the city's diverse open-space resources.



#### GreenPlan Philadelphia, Philadelphia PA





Convenient Recreation Access

Fresh, Local Produce

Healthy Residents

**QUALITY OF LIFE** 

Competitive Economy

Productive Land Use

Efficient Energy Use

Hospitable Climate

Robust Habitat

Valuable Properties

**ECONOMY** 

Healthy Watersheds

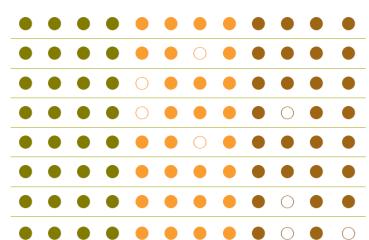
Clean Air

Strong, Safe Neighborhoods

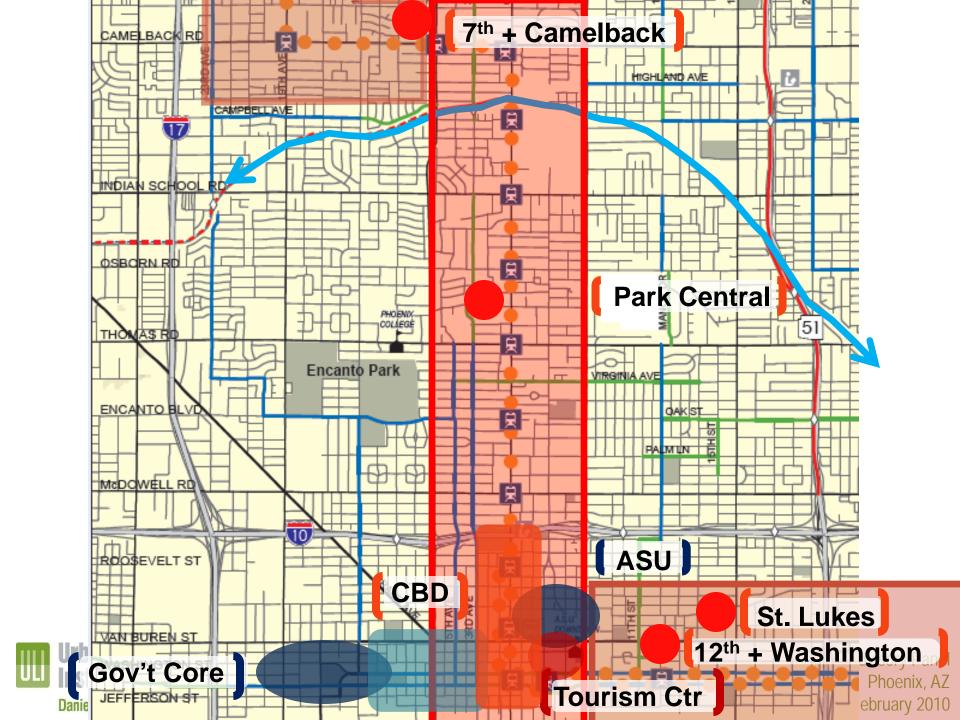


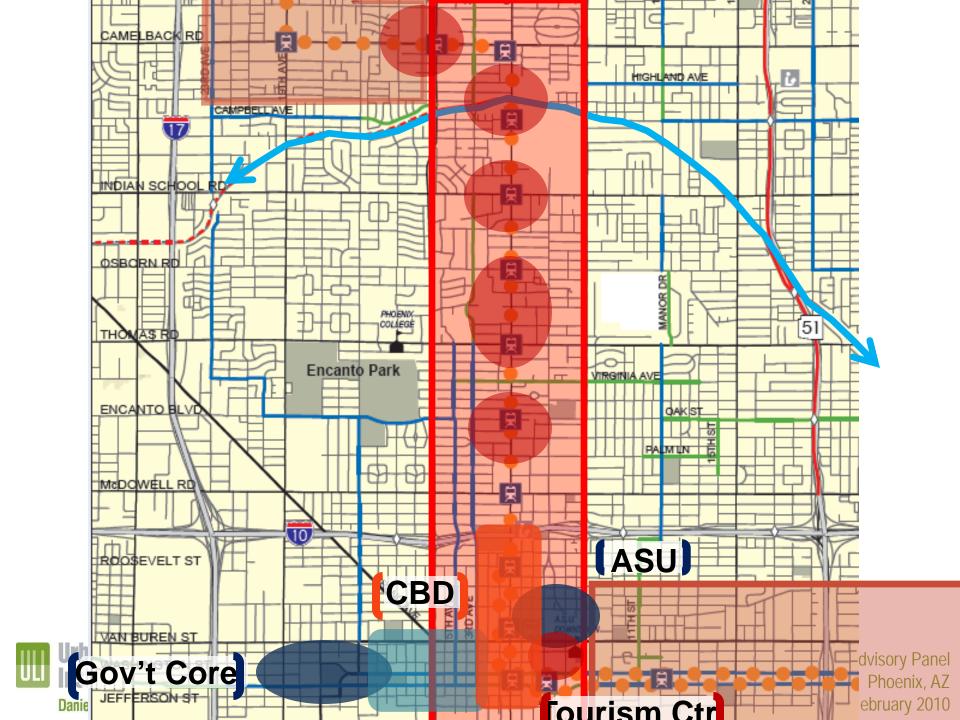
Plazas and Auxiliary Spaces

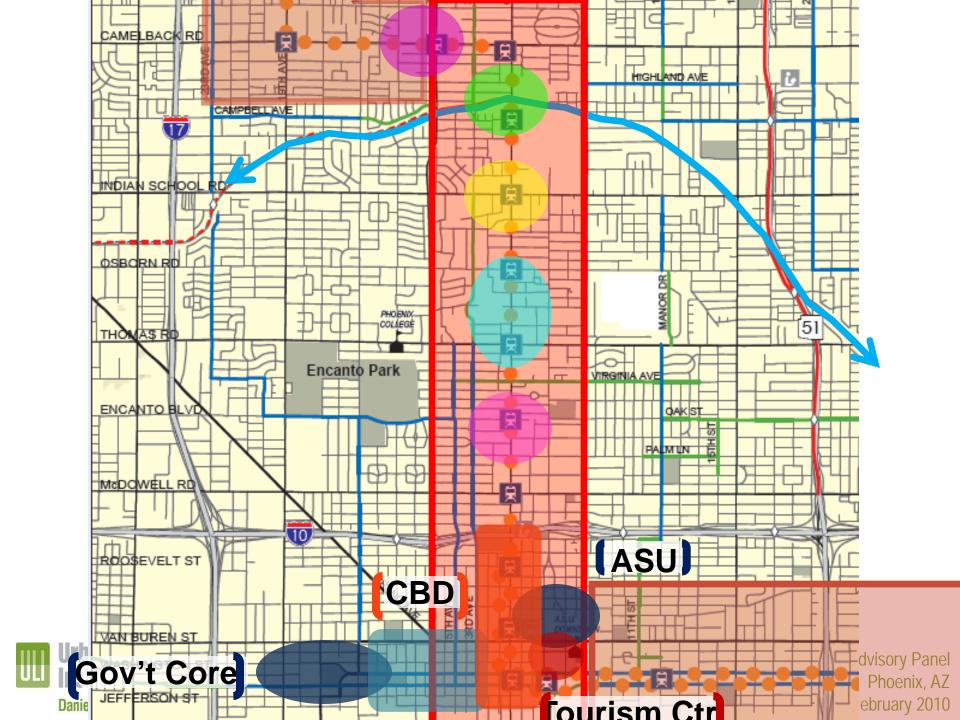
Rail and Utility Corridor Enhancements



































# **TOD Density Considerations**

Aaron Sussman
Senior Redevelopment Planner
Sacramento Housing
and Redevelopment Authority



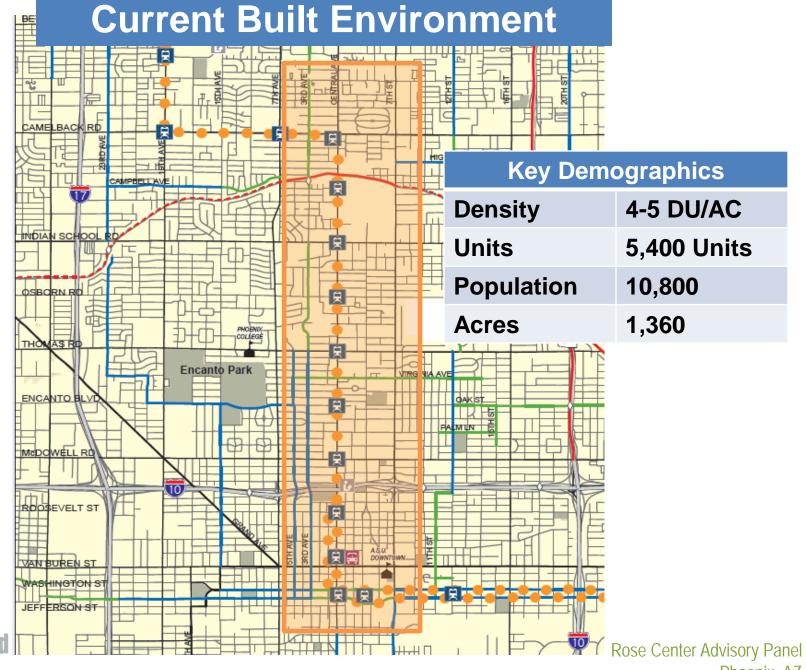
# **TOD Corridor Questions**

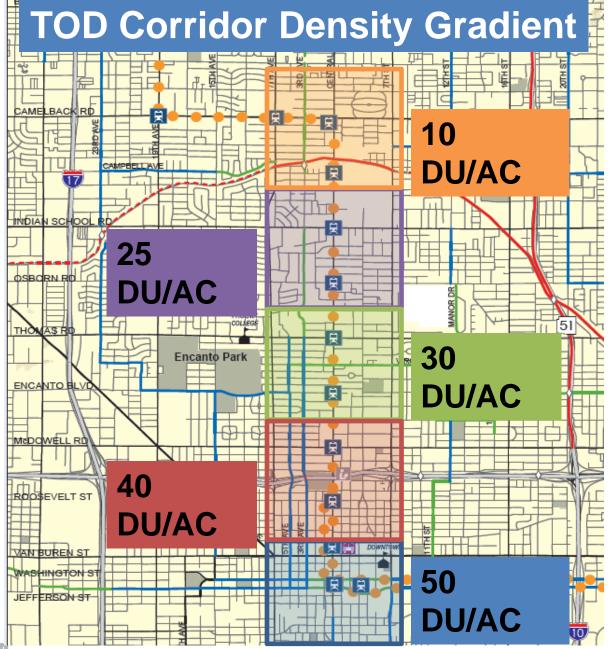
- Light rail corridor demands higher level of density to be sustainable
- Current development patterns are auto oriented suburban
- What is an appropriate level of density within the LRT Corridor?
- Is it possible to achieve density with growth patterns in Phoenix?



## Corridor Potential for Growth

- Position the corridor for growth
  - Grab the population share
    - 400,000 new Phoenix residents Where do they live?
  - What percentage of future growth should go on the orridor?







### Van Buren/Central Ave Station Area

Districts – One Mile Increments	DU/AC	People per acre	% of Roads	Net Acres	Units Allocated to TOD Corridor	Population allocated to TOD Corridor
Van Buren/ Central Ave	50	100	40	192	9,600	19,200





50 DU/AC

This is the threshold where podium or basement parking becomes necessary. Four levels of wood-frame housing in the form of stacked flats, lofts or stacked townhouses can be built above a concrete framed

# McDowell/Central Station Area

Districts – One Mile Increments	DU/AC	People per acre	% of Roads	Net Acres	Units Allocated to TOD Corridor	Population allocated to TOD Corridor
McDowell/ Central Ave	40	80	30	224	8,900	17,920





# Thomas/Central Station Area

Districts – One Mile Increments	DU/AC	People per acre	% of Roads	Net Acres	Units Allocated to TOD Corridor	Population allocated to TOD Corridor
Thomas/ Central	30	60	25	240	7,200	14,400



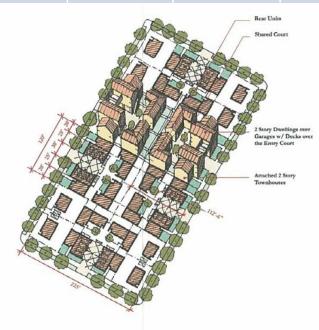


30 DU/AC

The tuck-under townhouse type consists of rowhouses, typically 25' wide with alley-accessed individual garages, half-a-level down while pedestrian entrances face the street or garden and are half-a-level up. This arrangement allows the top floor to be regarded as a second floor and thus not require a second exit.

## Indian School/Central Station Area

Districts – One Mile Increments	DU/AC	People per acre	% of Roads	Net Acres	Units Allocated to TOD Corridor	Population allocated to TOD Corridor
Indian School/ Central Ave	25	50	20	256	6,400	12,800



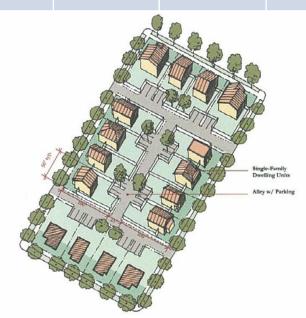


25 DU/AC

Cluster housing (also known as tandem housing) organized around congregate parking courts or garages for 6 or 8 dwellings. Each dwelling has its own private outdoor garden or deck. One curb cut for 6 or 8 units.

### Camelback/ Central Station Area

Districts – One Mile Increments	DU/AC	People per acre	% of Roads	Net Acres	Units Allocated to TOD Corridor	Population allocated to TOD Corridor
Camelback/ Central Ave	10	20	15	272	2,720	5,400





					Corridor	
Camelback/ Central Ave	10	20	15	272	2,720	5,400
Indian School/ Central Ave	25	50	20	256	6,400	12,800
Thomas/ Central	30	60	25	240	7,200	14,400
McDowell/ Central	40	80	30	224	8,900	17,920
Van Buren/ Central Ave	50	100	40	192	9,600	19,200
Totals				1184	33,540	67,080
Net Totals					28,140	56,280

% of

Roads

Net

Acres

**Units** 

**Allocated** 

to TOD

DU/AC

**People** 

per acre

Districts -

**Increments** 

**Urban Land** 

Daniel Rose Center for Public Leadership in Land Use

One Mile

**Population** 

allocated to

**TOD Corridor** 

# Summary

- Develop a housing goal for the TOD corridor
- Determine the capacity for the corridor
- 1,500 to 2,000 units per year to absorb
- Patience the market may not experience this absorption rate in the near term
- Over 20 years 16% of future Phoenix growth in this scenario



# Sustainability, Economic Impacts & Project Assessment

Kathleen Rose
President, Rose and Associates Southeast
Davidson, North Carolina



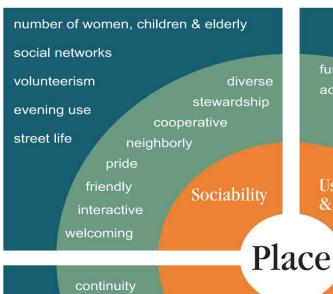
Green = Sustainability – what is it?





Center Advisory Panel Phoenix, AZ February 2010

# Society - Placemaking









© 2003



PPS

PROJECT for

**PUBLIC SPACES** 

# Economic Impacts – 3 terms for context

- Economic Base is a description of the industries or other income sources that bring money into a region (rather than merely circulating money already present).
  - Basic industries are those which depend on income from outside the region, thus bringing money into the region.
  - Non-basic industries are those which generally sell to residents or businesses already in the region.
- Input-Output (IO) Models
   Households, businesses, and governments are intertwined in a complex web of interdependent relationships based on producing, selling, and purchasing goods and services
- Fiscal impact modeling
   Fiscal impact analysis is an estimation of the impact of a given project (e.g. a new rail line) or direct economic change (e.g. layoffs) on public sector revenues and expenditures

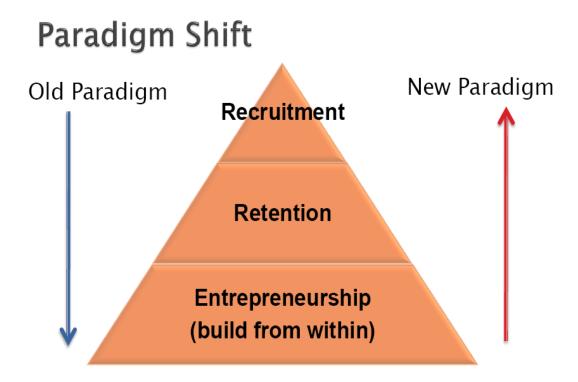


# Economy

- Economic Impacts
  - Demonstration of viability of green initiatives
- Market
  - Supply & Demand
  - Housing/Jobs Balance
- Financial Feasibility Public
  - Infrastructure investment
  - Public & Civic spaces
  - Fiscal issues of revenue/cost relationships
- Financial Feasibility Private Investment
  - Risk Management
  - Return on Investment/Profitability
  - Life cycle of capital investment and operating costs



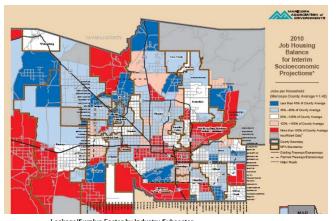
- Capture ~ market share of jobs/housing
- Business Advocacy
- Neighborhoods
- Redevelopment

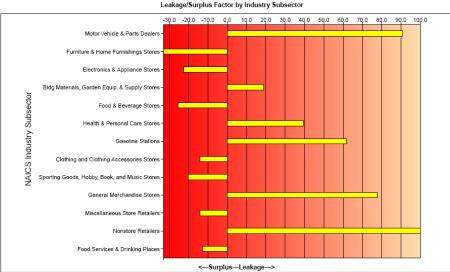


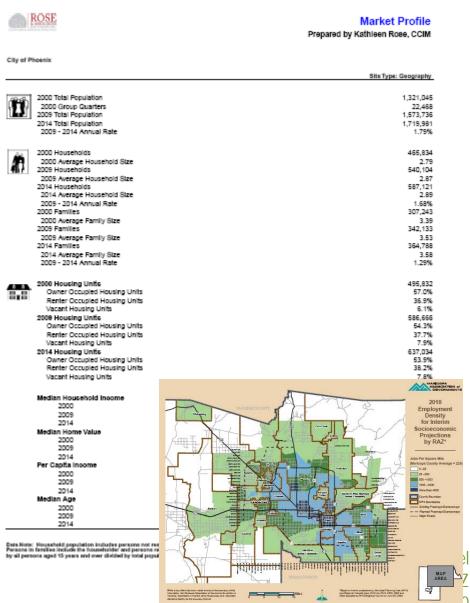


# **Evaluating the Corridor**

- Data review
- Interviews



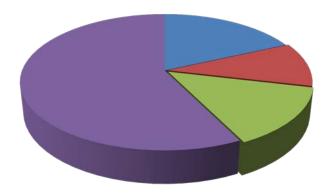




# TOD/Green Evaluation Criteria

- 1. Property Attributes
- 2. Accessibility

- 3. Third Party Entities
- 4. Market Potential (2010-2015)



#### TOD/Green Evaluation Criteria

1. Property Attributes	Max	Range
Land Area for TOD	10	1-10
Existing or Planned Transit Station	3	1-3
Adjacent large properties	3	1-3
Seed Development	7	0 or 7
Location at BRT / LRT	3	1-3
Subtotal	26	20%

2. Accessibility	Max	Range
Average Traffic Count	3	1-3
Parking Utilization less than 85%	2	0 or 2
Walkscore Rating	10	1-10
Subtotal	15	10%



# Walk Score

- Walk Score helps people find walkable places to live. Walk Score calculates the walkability of an address by locating nearby stores, restaurants, schools, parks, etc.
- Walk Score measures how easy it is to live a car-lite lifestyle—not how visually appealing the area is for walking.
- The higher the Walk Score the more conducive the area could be to TOD/Green goals.

A property's Walk Score is a number between 0 and 100. General guidelines:

90-100 = Walkers' Paradise

70–89 = Very Walkable

50–69 = Somewhat Walkable

25-49 = Car-Dependent

0-24 = Car-Dependent (Driving Only)



Walkscore.com

#### America's Most Walkable Neighborhoods

Find the most walkable neighborhoods in the top 40 U.S. cities.

Cit	У	Score	Most Walkable Neighborhoods
1	San Francisco	86	Chinatown, Financial District, Downtown
2	New York	83	Tribeca, Little Italy, Soho
3	Boston	79	Back Bay-Beacon Hill, South End, Fenway-Kenmore
4	Chicago	76	Loop, Near North Side, Lincoln Park
5	Philadelphia	74	City Center East, City Center West, Riverfront
6	Seattle	72	Pioneer Square, Downtown, First Hill
7	Washington D.C.	70	Dupont Circle, Logan Circle, Downtown
8	Long Beach	69	Downtown, Belmont Shore, Belmont Heights
9	Los Angeles	67	Mid City West, Downtown, Hollywood
10	Portland	66	Pearl District, Old Town-Chinatown, Downtown
11	Denver	66	Lodo, Golden Triangle, Capitol Hill
12	Baltimore	65	Federal Hill, Fells Point, Inner Harbor
13	Milwaukee	62	Lower East Side, Northpoint, Murray Hill
14	Cleveland	60	Downtown, Ohio City-West Side, Detroit Shoreway
15	Louisville	58	Central Business District, Limerick, Phoenix Hill
16	San Diego	56	Core, Cortez Hill, Gaslamp Quarter
17	San Jose	55	Buena Vista, Burbank, Rose Garden
18	Las Vegas	55	Meadows Village, Downtown, Rancho Charleston
19	Fresno	54	Central, Fresno-High, Hoover
20	Sacramento	54	Richmond Grove, Downtown, Midtown
21	Albuquerque	53	Downtown, Broadway Central, Raynolds
22	Atlanta	52	Five Points, Poncey-Highland, Sweet Auburn
23	Detroit	52	Downtown, New Center, Midtown
24	Dallas	51	West End Historic District, Oak Lawn, m Streets
25	Tucson	51	Iron Horse, El Presidio, Ocotillo Oracle
26	Houston	51	Downtown, Montrose, River Oaks
27	Columbus	50	Weinland Park, Victorican Village, Downtown
28	Phoenix	50	Encanto, Central City, Camelback East
29	Austin	49	Downtown, University Of Texas, West University
30	Mesa	48	Southwest, West Central, Central
31	El Paso	45	Golden Hills, Houston Park, Manhattan Heights



Advisory Panel Phoenix, AZ February 2010

#### TOD/Green Evaluation Criteria

3. Third Party Entities	Max	Range
Member City/De∨eloper Interest	10	0 or 10
Targeted Rede∨elopment Area (TIF)	5	0 or 5
Station Area Plan Completed	5	0 or 5
Subtotal	20	10%

4. Market Potential (2009-2014) Evaluated at .5, 1 and 3 mile radius	Max	Range
Population Average	21	1-21
Area Median Household Income	21	1-21
Population Growth Rate	10	1-10
Median Income Growth Rate	10	1-10
Tapestry Segment	20	1-20
Subtotal	82	60%
Total Score (1-4)	143	100%







#### Rankings

Site Evaluations		Site 1 Station 3 7th St	Site 2 Station 7 Park Central	Site 3 Station 15 Small site	Site 4 St. Luke's Hospital
Property Attributes					
Land Area for TOD Potential	1-10	10	5	2	4
<b>Existing or Planned Transit Station</b>	1-3	3	3	3	1
Adjacent large properties	1-3	2	3	1	2
Seed Development	0 or 7	0	7	0	0
Location at BRT / LRT	1-3	3	3	3	1
Subtotal		18	21	9	8
Accessibility					
Average Traffic Count	1-3	3	3	1	1
Parking Utilization less than 85%	0 or 2	2	0	2	0
Walkscore Rating	1-10	7	10	4	2
Subtotal		12	13	7	3
Third Party Interests					
Member City/Developer Interest	0 or 10	10	10	10	10
Targeted Area (TOD Overlay)	0 or 5	5	5	5	0
Station Area Plan Completed	0 or 5	0	0	0	0
Subtotal		15	15	15	10
Market Potential					
Population Density	1-21	12	10	8	5
Area Median Household Income	1-21	15	20	10	10
Population Growth Rate	1-10	7	7	5	5
Median Income Growth Rate	1-10	7	7	3	3
Tapestry Segment	1-20	16	18	10	10
Subtotal		57	62	36	33
Total Score		102	111	67	Rose Center A



se Center Advisory Panel Phoenix, AZ 4 February 2010

143

143

3

# Station #3 – 7<sup>th</sup> & Camelback

Camelback Rd



- 15.5 acres
- □ C-2 TOD-1



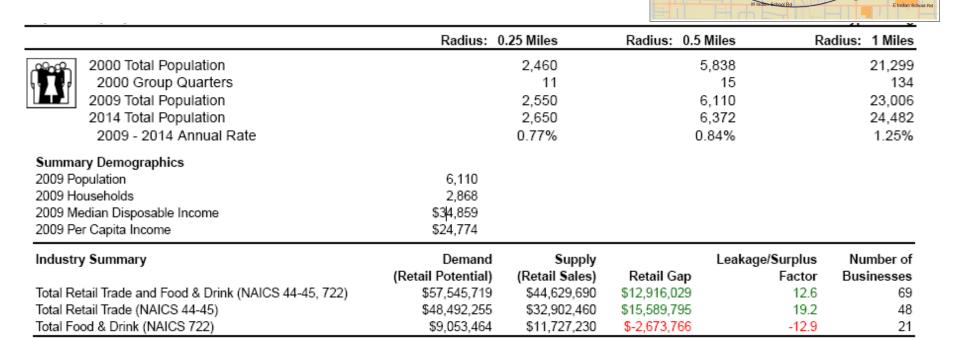
Camelback Rd

Indian School Rd

Thomas Rd

#### Station #3 – 7<sup>th</sup> & Camelback

#### 0.5 miles ~ 10 minute walk





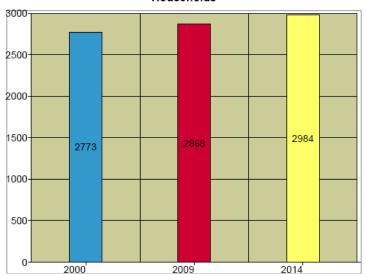
E Bethany Home Rd

#### Station #3 – 7<sup>th</sup> & Camelback

LRT Station, Camelback N 7th Ave & W Camelback Rd, Phoenix, AZ, 85013

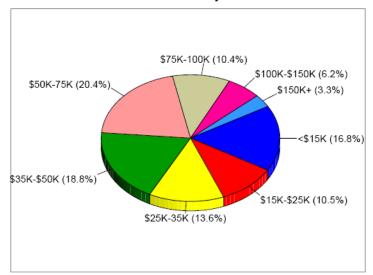
Longitude: -112.082475 Site Type: Ring Radius: 0.5 Miles

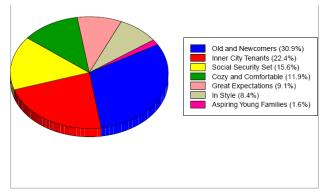
#### Households



#### 2009 Households by Income

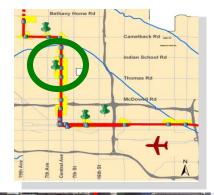
Latitude: 33.509173

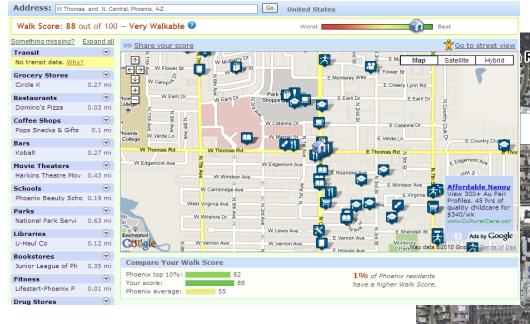






#### Station #7 - Park Central



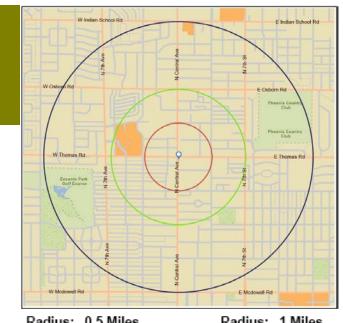


- 41 acres
- □ C-2 HR HGT/WVR TOD-1



#### Station #7 - Park Central

#### 0.5 miles ~ 10 minute walk



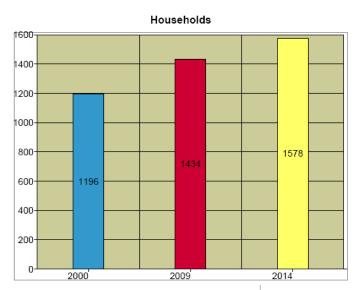
	Radius:	U.ZO Miles	Radius: U	).5 Miles	Radius: 1 Miles
2000 Total Population		296		2,323	12,652
2000 Group Quarters		0		6	85
2009 Total Population		330		2,794	13,739
2014 Total Population		371		3,077	14,608
2009 - 2014 Annual Rate		2.37%		1.95%	1.23%
Summary Demographics					
2009 Population	2,794				
2009 Households	1,434				
2009 Median Disposable Income	\$44,177				
2009 Per Capita Income	\$37,202				
Industry Summary	Demand	Supply		Leakage/Surplus	Number of
	(Retail Potential)	(Retail Sales)	Retail Gap	Factor	Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$38,791,667	\$56,474,481	\$-17,682,814	-18.6	100
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$32,701,103	\$25,799,200	\$6,901,903	11.8	52
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$6,090,564	\$30,675,281	\$-24,584,717	-66.9	48

Dadius: 0.25 Miles

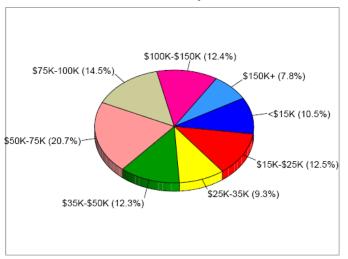


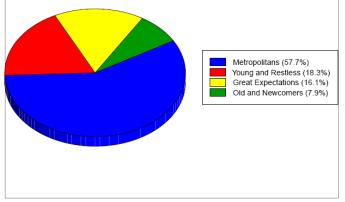
#### Station #7 - Park Central

Park Place at St. Joesph
N Central Ave & W
Longitude: -112.073644
Thomas Rd, Phoenix, AZ, 8500...
Site Type: Ring
Radius: 0.5 Miles



#### 2009 Households by Income







## Sustainable Design Approach

Mark Shapiro
Principal, Mithun
Seattle



## Environmental

- Resource Conservation ~ energy, water, materials = reduced carbon footprint
- MicroClimate ~ urban heat island, light pollution
- Clean Air & Water
- Recycle, Reuse, Renew ~ re-adaptive use
- Healthy Active Lifestyle ~ pedestrian friendly, multimodal, locavore (food)
- Habitat Preservation ~ open spaces, native species, placemaking









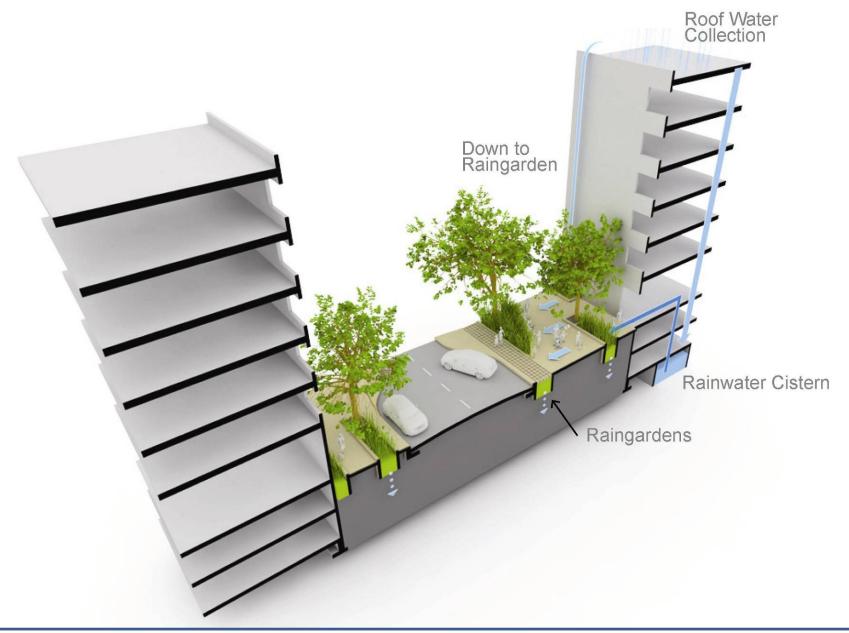




















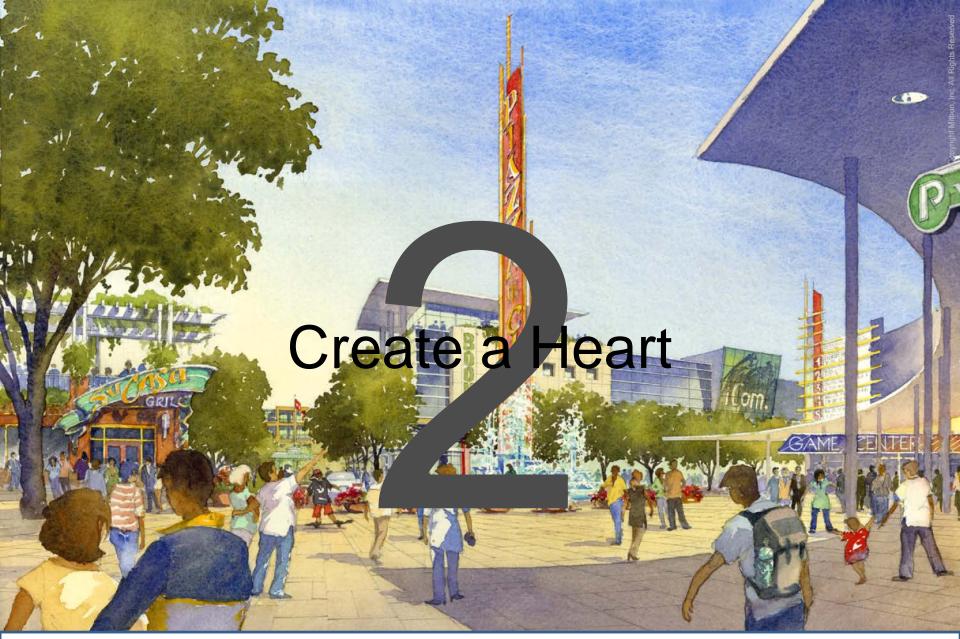




Destinations Close By Community Spaces



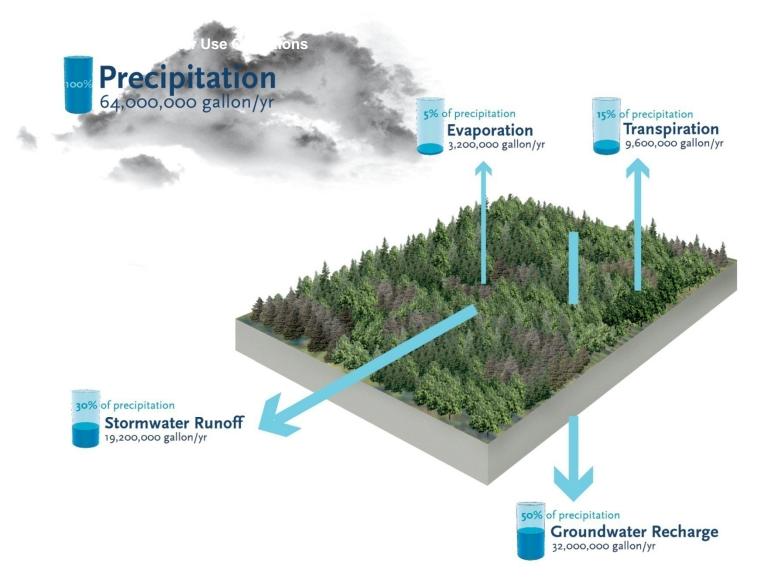










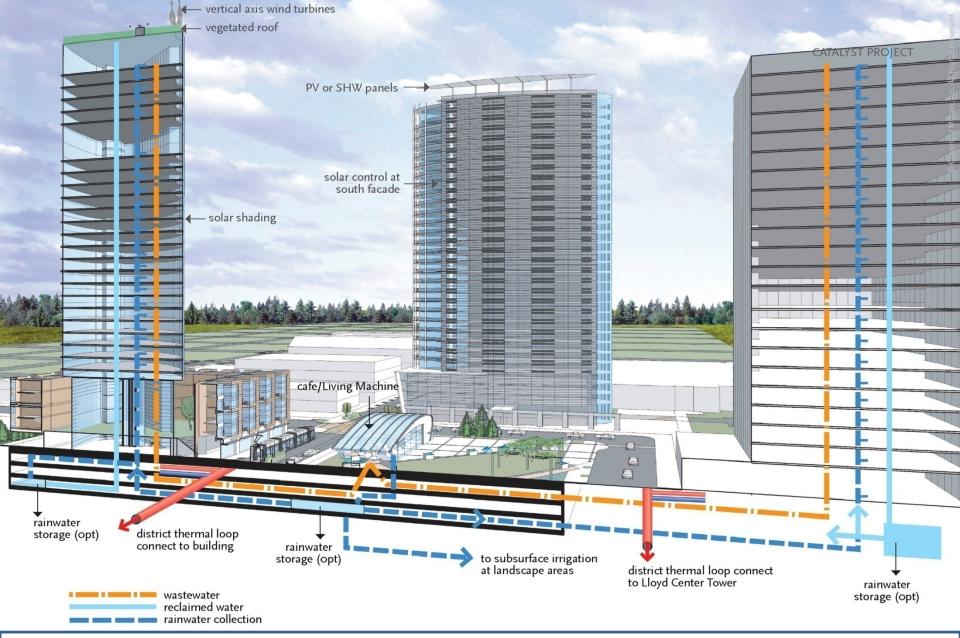








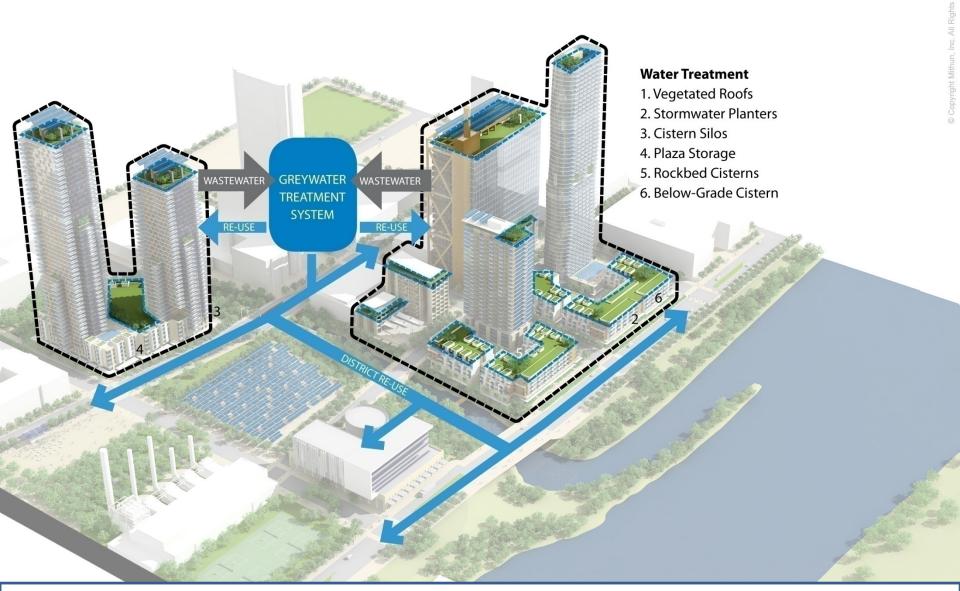




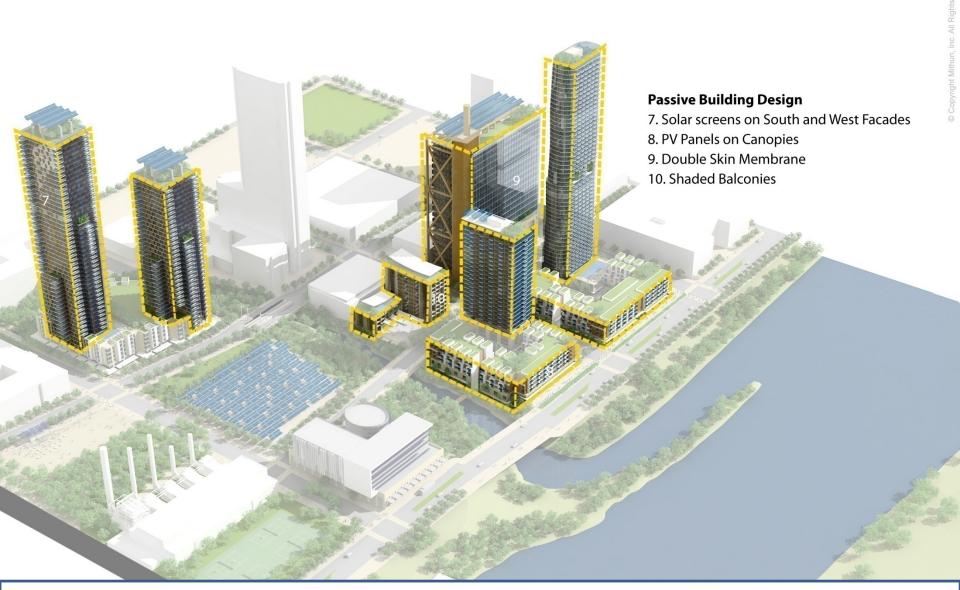




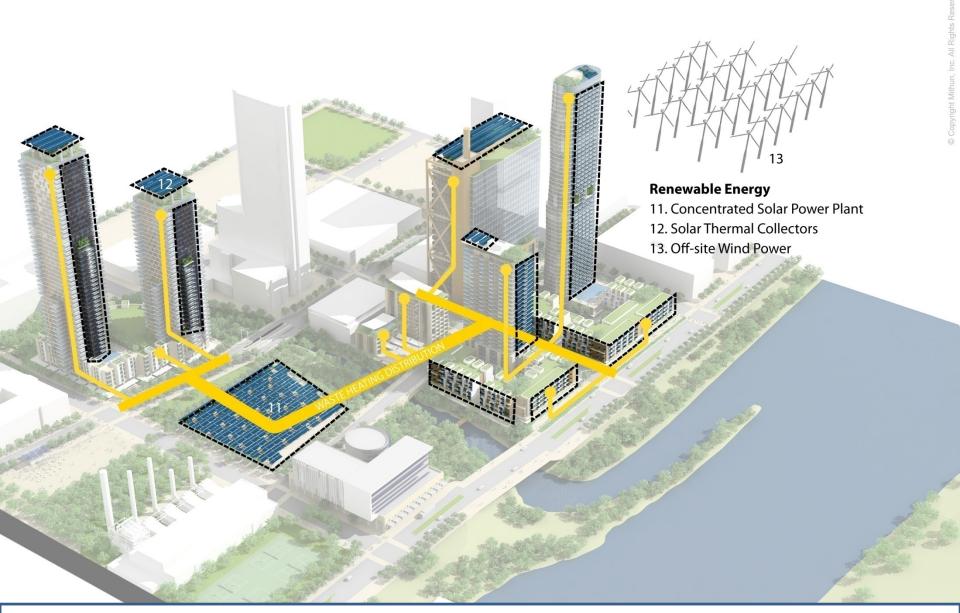






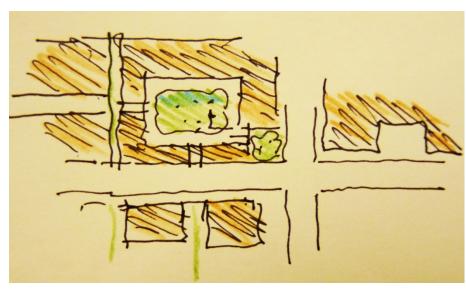


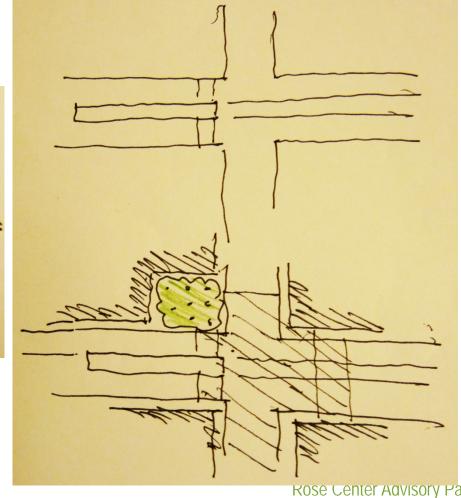






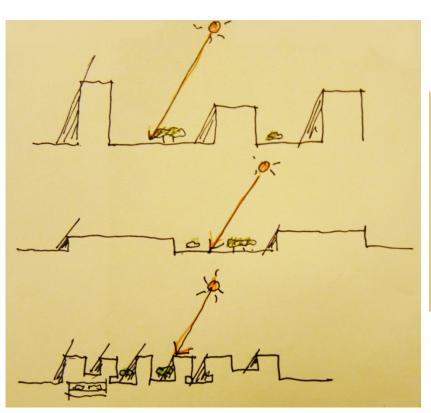
## Create a Place

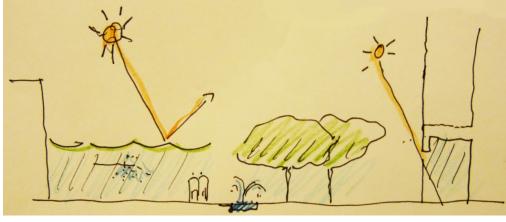






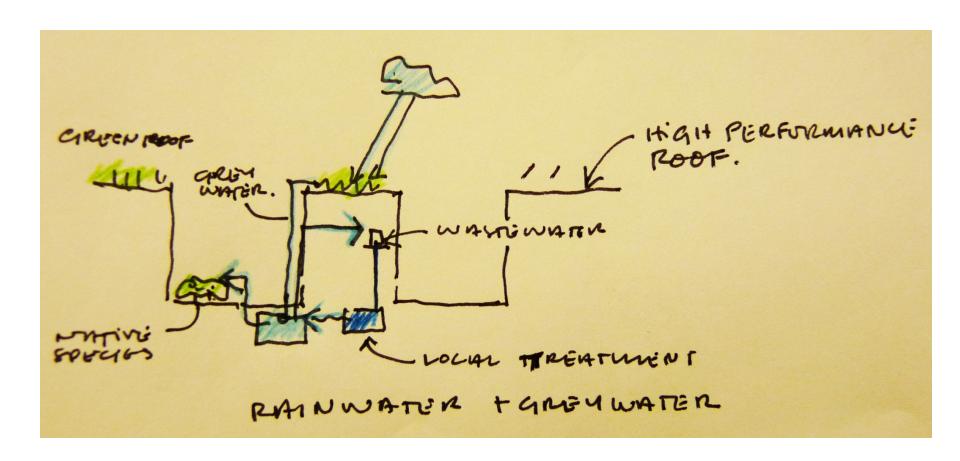
## Passive Design





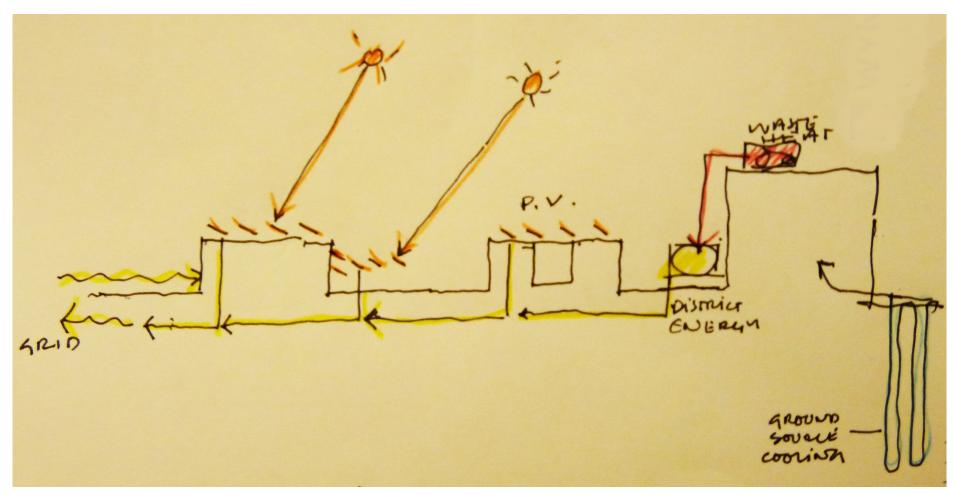


## Water Resources





# Energy





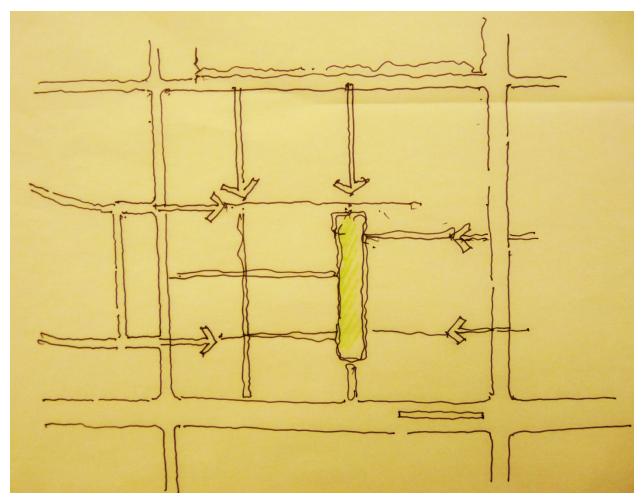






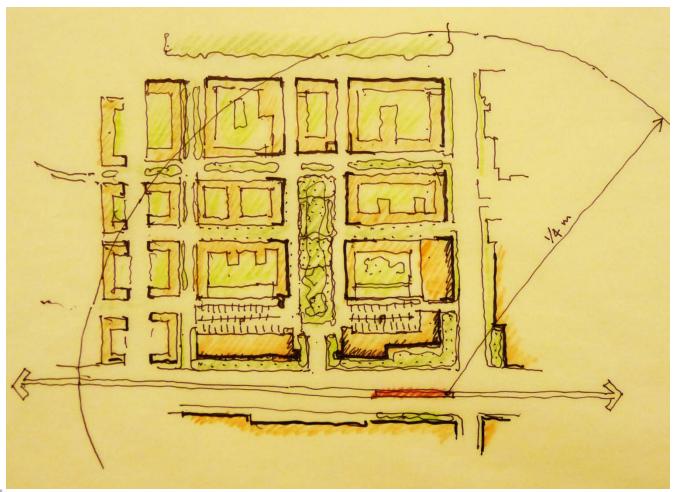


## Connectivity



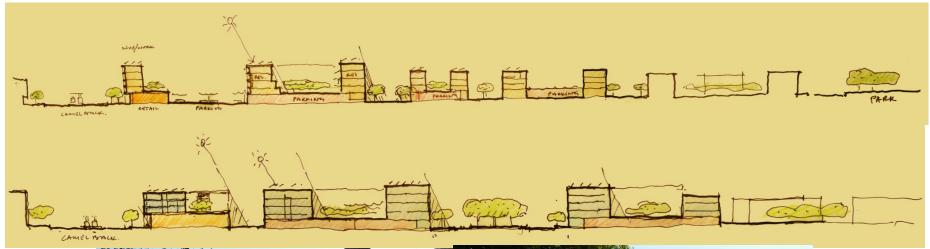


## Station Area Concept



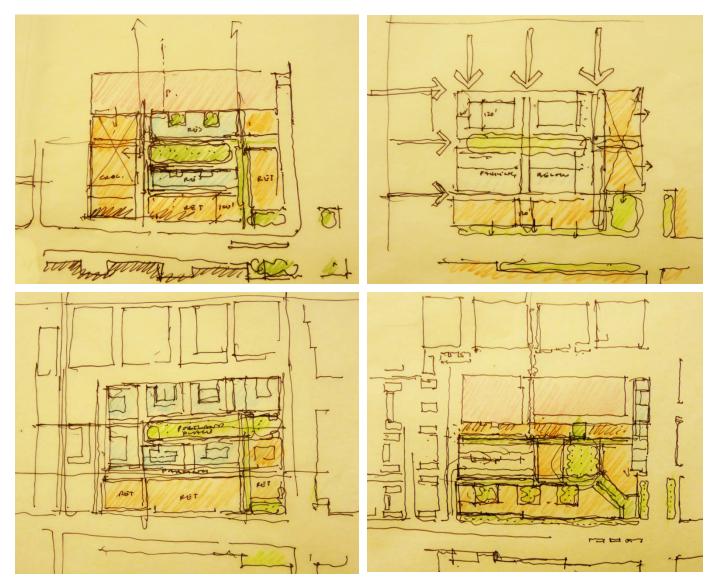


## Station Area Concept











## Next Steps/Action Plan

David Leininger
Senior VP & CFO
DART, Dallas



#### Action Plan for Phoenix Green Line Corridor

Strategi	es Next Steps	Short Term	Long Term	Goal/Result
First a Vis A Collectiv Collaborat Effort	• Collaboration with agencies&	Complete the plan and communicate with the community     Track progress, successes & failures	Review Vision & Plan metrics for changes/benchmarks	Consensus  North Central will have a vision that is unified and embodied by all its citizens & stakeholders.
Station And Plannin	Create service delivery standards	plans for high priority locations  Achieve service delivery	<ul> <li>Complete &amp; Adopt Station Area plans for all station locations</li> <li>Maintain service delivery expectations</li> </ul>	Realization The North Central corridor is identified as a "Great Boulevard"
Market & U Developm		Pursue redevelopment opportunities and initiate public private partnerships with highest priority locations  ses	<ul> <li>Continue to build on opportunities at all station locations along the corridor</li> <li>Benchmark results and define metrics for success</li> </ul>	Sustainability The North Central corridor will have a jobs/housing balance, and capture its share of the growth while maintaining quality of life and sustainability.
PR/Promoti Communica	Create a strategic marketing plan	Create a strategy for programming the corridor (1 <sup>st</sup> Fridays)	Accomplish enthusiasm and loyalty of riders and stakeholders	Market Success The North Central corridor will be regarded as a high value location and destination by the majority of target audiences both internally and externally



#### Station Area Fact Sheets





# in 2001 and and mixedthe station. developme Financing (1) COMMUNIT future Geor PLANNING. Tax Increme District). MOCKINGBI 600,000 exi and restaur. Angelika Fil West Elm, Ti MOCKINGBI PHASE II — PROXIMITY four miles to

Mockingbird Station is Dallas' most successful Transit Oriented Development (TOD) project. This open-cut station was opened in 2001 and serves both the red and blue lines. New multi-family and mixed-use development characterizes recent growth around the station. A trail system for the area is under development. New development can take advantage of the new TOD Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District.

**COMMUNITY ATTRACTIONS** — Southern Methodist University, future George W. Bush Presidential Library.

PLANNING AREA — City of Dallas Transit Oriented Development

Tax Increment Financing District (Mockingbird / Lovers Lane SubDistrict)

#### MOCKINGBIRD STATION TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT —

600,000 existing square feet of development. More than 90 shops and restaurants, 200+ loft apartments. Retailers include 8-screen Angelika Film Center and Cafe, Urban Outfitters, West Elm, The Gap and more.

#### MOCKINGBIRD STATION TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT

PHASE II - 23,000 additional square feet of retail.

PROXIMITY — Two miles to Uptown,

four miles to Downtown.



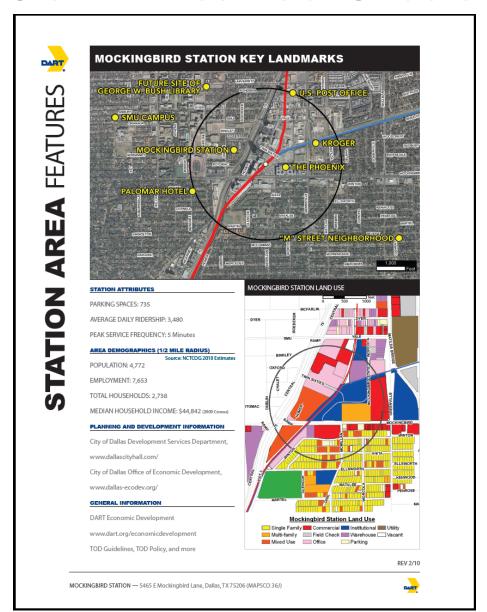




MOCKINGBIRD STATION - 5465 E Mockingbird Lane, Dallas, TX 75206 (MAPSCO 36J)



#### Station Area Fact Sheets





## Concluding Comments

- Celebrate your victories you have many
- It will take time and proceed in fits and starts
- Your best near-term TOD opportunity is Park Central – focus on it
- Washington is a different kind of corridor than Central and needs its own strategy



# The following people took the time to discuss their perspectives with our panel:

Maria Hyatt, Assistant to the City Manager | Sid Anderson, Street Transportation Department | Matt Fraser, ASU | Kammy Horne, URS | Grady Gammage | Kevin Kellogg, ASU | Don Keuth, Phoenix Community Alliance | Steve Betts, Suncor | David Schell | Tim Sprague, Habitat Metro | Kimber Lanning, Local First | Reid Butler, Butler Housing | Tim Frakes, Weingarten Realty | Marc Soronson, Friends of Transit | Matt Seaman, Design Review Standards Committee | Brad Brauer, Willo Neighborhood | Brian Davidson, Encanto Village | Jasper Hawkins | Jay Hicks, AECOM | Teresa Brice, Arizona LISC | Mike Lieb

